BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5, 1870. VOLUME XXXVII--NUMBER 31.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year,
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At the Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

Shortest Route to New York

Inside Line via Stonington.

From Boston and Providence Railroad Station at 5.30 o'clock P. M., (Sunday excepted,) connecting with new and elegant Steamers at Stonington, and arrive at New York in time for early Trains South and West, and

Ahead of all other Lines.

In case of fog or storm, passengers, by paying $1 extra, can take the Night Express Train via Shore Line, leaving Stonington at 11.30 P. M., and reaching New York before 6 o'clock A. M.

J. W. RICHARDSON, AGENT.
134 Washington-St., Boston.

April 26, 1869.

Fall River Line!

FOR

New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all principal points West and South West, via Taunton, Fall River and Newport.

☞ Cabin, $5 00; Deck, $4 00. Baggage checked through and transferred in N. Y. free of charge.

New York trains leave the Old Colony and Newport Railway Depot, corner of South and Kneeland streets, daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows: at 4:30 P. M., arriving in Fall River 40 minutes in advance of the regular Steamboat Train, which leaves Boston at 5 30 P. M., connecting at Fall River with the new and magnificent steamers PROVIDENCE, Capt. B. M. SIMMONS, BRISTOL, Capt. Benj. Brayton. These steamers are the fastest and most reliable boats on the Sound, built expressly for speed, safety, and comfort. This Line connects with all the Southern Boats and Railroad Lines from New York going West and South, and convenient to the California Steamers.

To Shippers of Freight this Line, with its new and extensive depot accommodations in Boston, and large piers in New York, (exclusively for the business of the Line,) is supplied with facilities for freight and passenger business which cannot be surpassed. Freight always taken at low rates, and forwarded with despatch.

New York Express Freight Train leaves Boston at 5 30 P. M.; goods arrive in New York next morning about 6 A. M. Freight leaving New York arrives in Boston on the following day, at 9 45 A. M.

For tickets, berths and staterooms, apply at the Company's office, at No. 3 Old State House, corner of Washington and State streets, and at Old Colony and Newport Railroad Depot, corner of South and Kneeland streets, Boston.

Steamers leave New York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from Pier 30 North River, foot of Chamber St., at 4 P. M.

JAMES FISK, Jr., Pres't.
M. R. SIMONS,
Managing Director Narragansett Steamship Co.
GEO. SHIVERICK,
Pass. & Freight Agt.

Nov 8. may 15 1y

International Steamship Co.

EASTPORT, CALAIS, AND ST. JOHN.
DIGBY, WINDSOR AND HALIFAX.

Winter Arrangement—One Trip per Week.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 3d, the Steamer New Brunswick, Capt. William S. A. PIKE, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State St., every Monday, at 5 o'clock, P. M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John and Eastport every Thursday.

Connecting at Eastport with the Steamer QUEEN for St. Andrews, and Calais, and with N. B. & C. Railway for Woodstock and Houlton stations.

Connecting at St. John with the Steamer EMPRESS, for Digby, Windsor and Halifax, and with the E. & N. A. Railway for Shediac and intermediate stations.

☞ Freight received on days of sailing until 5 o'clock, P. M.

jan13 1y3dtf A. R. STUBBS, Agent

For Boston!

The NEW and SUPERIOR Sea-Going Steamers,

John Brooks and Montreal.

Having been fitted up at a great expense with a large number of beautiful State Rooms, will run the season as follows:

Leaving Atlantic Wharf, Portland, at 7 o'clock, and India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted).

Fare in Cabin. - - - - - - - - - - $1.50
Deck Fare, - - - - - - - - - - - 1.00

☞ Freight taken as usual.

L. BILLINGS, Agent.

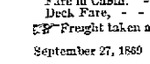
September 27, 1869

Pacific Mail Steamship Co's

THROUGH LINE TO

California and China.

FARES GREATLY REDUCED.



Steamers leave pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal street, and 12 o'clock noon on the

5th, and 21st.

except when these days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

February 5th.—ARIZONA, Capt. Maury, connecting with COLORADO, Captain Farnsworth.

July 21st—ALASKA, Captain Gray, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Captain Parker.

One hundred pounds of baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

All departures touch at Manzanillo; that of the 5th connects at Panama with Steamers for South Pacific ports; 5th and 21st for Central American ports; and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Steamer JAPAN, leaving San Francisco, March 1st, 1870.

For freight, passage tickets and all further information, apply at the office, on the wharf, foot of CANAL Street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

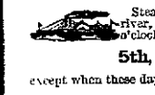
Or to C. L. BARTLETT & CO., New England Agents, 16 Broad Street, Boston, and P. M. BLAKE, 9 Central St., Bangor.

June 28th, 1869.

Maine Steamship Company.

New Arrangement.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.



On and after the 18th inst., the fine steamers DIRIGO, and FRANCONIA will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Galt's Wharf, Portland, every Monday and Thursday, at 4 o'clock P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every Monday and Thursday at 3 o'clock P. M.

The DIRIGO and FRANCONIA are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $5. Cabin passage $4. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded to and from Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St John, and all parts of Maine.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage apply to

EMERY & FOX,
Galt's Wharf, Portland
J. F. AMES,
Pier 38 East River

Portland, May 11th, 1868.

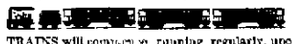
TO THE WORKING CLASSES.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cts. to $5 per evening and a proportionate sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not satisfied, we will tender compensation for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion, the largest and best family newspaper published, all sent free by mail. Remember, it pays well even the first hour. Address, E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

nov13 4w2w

AN UNFAILING REMEDY for MALARIA FACTORY, often attending a perfect cure despite the day. No form of Malaria Disease fails to Yield to its wonderful power. Even in the severest case of Chronic Neuralgia, affecting the entire system, its use for a fortnight will prove beneficial, and a perfect cure will follow. It operates quickly and yet mildly, and is the best family medicine in the country, positively unexceptionable in its character, and adapted to the weakest constitution. Sold by druggists generally throughout the country. Price $1 per bottle. Prepared only by DR. S. T. HOPKINS, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists generally throughout the country.

jan1 1y

Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad



TRAINS will commence running regularly, upon this road, on TUESDAY, December 14.

Leaving Bangor from the station of the E. & N. A. R. R., at the foot of Exchange Street, at 4 45 P. M., Oldtown, at 5.45 P. M. Arrive at Dover and Foxcroft, at 8.30 P. M.

Leave Dover and Foxcroft at 6 A. M.

Arrive in Oldtown, in season to connect with the 9 o'clock train down on the E. & N. A. R. R., arriving in Bangor at 10 o'clock A. M.

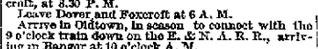
Tickets to all points on this road can be bought at Stations on the E. & N. A. Railroad, between Bangor and Oldtown.

Stage connections upon this Road are now made at Milo, for Brownville and Katahdin Iron Works, and at Dover and Foxcroft for Guilford, Abbott, Munson and M. H. Lake. Passengers ticketed through each.

L. H. EATON, Sup't.

Bangor, Dec. 13, 1869.

Bangor, Oldtown & Milford Railroad.



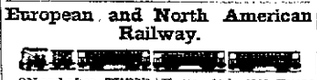
SPECIAL NOTICE.

On and after WEDNESDAY, Dec 1, 1869, the trains will stop running until further notice.

J. M. LUNT, Agent.

Bangor, Nov. 30, 1869.

European and North American Railway.



ON and after TUESDAY, Dec. 14th, 1869, Trains will run as follows:—

Leave Bangor (Exchange St.) for Mattawamkeag at 7.30 A. M., and 7.20 P. M. For Oldtown at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M., and 4 45 and 7.20 P. M.

Trains arrive in Bangor at 7.12 and 9.55 A. M. and 2 45 and 6.25 P. M.

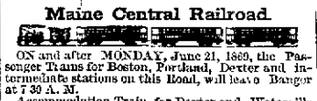
The 7.20 P. M. train from Bangor, connects with stages at Lincoln Station for Calais, and at Mattawamkeag with stages for Houlton.

The 7 20 P. M. train will not stop at Mt. Hope, Basin Mills or Webster.

J. M. LUNT, Supt.

Bangor, Dec. 14th, 1869

Maine Central Railroad



ON and after MONDAY, June 21, 1869, the Passenger Trains for Boston, Portland, Dexter and intermediate stations on this Road, will leave Bangor at 7 30 A. M.

Accommodation Train for Dexter and Waterville and intermediate stations, will leave at 1.35 P. M.

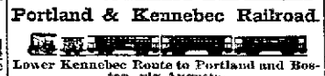
Accommodation Train from Waterville and Dexter, will be due in Bangor at 10 50 A. M., and from Portland and Boston at 7.14 P. M.

Tickets sold to all stations on this line, and Boston and baggage checked.

EDWIN NOYES, Supt.

June, 1869.

Portland & Kennebec Railroad.



Lower Kennebec Route to Portland and Boston, via Augusta.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, Dec. 3, 1869.

PASSENGER TRAIN leaves Kendall's Mills for Portland and Boston, upon the arrival of the Bangor train, connecting with train for Boston leaving at 1 P. M.

Leave Portland daily at 12 45 P. M. connecting with train leaving Boston at 7.30 A. M., and connecting at Kendall's Mills with train on Maine Central for Newport, Dexter, Bangor, &c.

Passengers from Bangor, Newport, Dexter &c., will purchase tickets to Kendall's Mills only, and after taking the cars of the Portland and Kennebec road, the Conductor will furnish tickets, and make the fare the same through to Portland or Boston as via the Maine Central Road.

Fare as low by this route as by the Maine Central, and tickets purchased in Boston for Maine Central stations are good for a passage on this line.

Passengers for Newport, Dexter, Bangor, &c., via Augusta, will change cars at the first station in Portland, making connection at Kendall's Mills with train on Maine Central. Ample time for supper is given at Kendall's Mills.

Through tickets are sold at Boston for all stations on this line, and Dexter, Bangor, &c., on the Maine Central.

Through freight trains leave Boston daily at 5 00 P. M.

Stages leave Kendall's Mills, Skowhegan, Vassalboro', Augusta and Bath, for the principal towns North and East on their routes.

L. L. LINCOLN, Sup't.

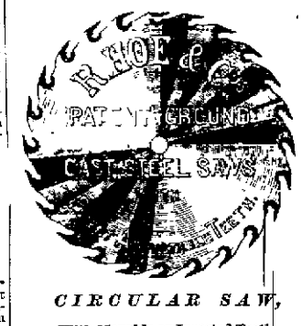
Augusta, Dec. 3, 1869

R. Hoe & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF WARRANTED

Extra Cast Steel Patent Ground Circular Mill Mulay and Gang

SAWS!



CIRCULAR SAW,

With Movable or Inserted Teeth.

We claim for our Patent Circular Saw the following advantages over all others:

The shanks of the teeth are elastic, and exert a uniform distension in the segments.

The stability of the plate is in no way affected by inserting new sets of teeth.

Each tooth, independently, may be adjusted to the cutting line.

No rivets, keys, or other objectionable appliances are employed in connection with the teeth which are as simple in construction, and as easily used as a nut for a bolt.

In short, all the difficulties heretofore experienced in the use of movable teeth for saws, are fully met and obviated by this invention.

also,

TUTTLE PATENT

"CHAMPION" CROSS-CUT SAWS

Cross-Cut Saws, of all kinds,

SAW MANDRELS,

Gumming Machines, &c.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price Lists

R. HOE, & CO.,

Printing Press Machine and Saw Manufacturer
New York, Boston, Mass., and London, England.

sept1 6m3awd&w

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water,

The most celebrated and most delightful of all perfumes, for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, and in the bath, for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.

jan25 eod4m

A SAFE, CERTAIN AND Speedy Cure FOR Neuralgia AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES. No Effects are Neglect.

Real Estate.

Timber Lands

FOR SALE,

ALSO,

Mills and Houses.

THE undersigned, executors of the will and trustees of the estate of the late RUFUS DWINEL, deceased, give notice that, during the coming year, they will offer at public or private sale any or all of the timber lands belonging to said estate, and persons desirous of purchasing will have the present season of winter and spring to explore and examine with view of ascertaining the value of the same, to wit,

[illegible] of Camp, Town East		Piscataquis County
[illegible] of " West		"
2000 acres of Public lots in said Town.		
2[illegible] " in Gore North of same		
900 " Public Lot in said Gore		
L. 3 4, R. 12,	Piscataquis County	
[illegible]		
W. 4 5, R. 10		
6, R. 10		
7, R. 10		
6, R. 11,		
N. W. 1, R. 9		
9, R. 11		
5, R. 1.		
9, R. 10,		
10, R. 11		
1, R. 8	Penobscot County,	
S. 2, R. 8		
W. 5, R. 8,	Somerset County	
6418 acres in R. 7,	Penobscot County	
4325 acres in Winn,		
4031 acres in Fairbanks,		
1219 acres in Lagrange,		
1050 acres in Patten	Hancock County	
[illegible]		

The undersigned are ready for business, the

Lower Oldtown Mills

With all Lands and Houses connected therewith

ALSO SAID

Dwinel's late Homestead,

in said Bangor

Also the Hotel now and long known as the

Nichols House,

and a large portion of Real Estate adjoining the same

Terms Liberal.

C. C. EVERETT
J. A. PETERS,
ELIAS MERRILL
C. H. DENNETT

Bangor, Dec 25, 1869

Real Estate For Sale.

A GOOD HOUSE, with many modern improvements, about 1 mile and a half from Kenduskeag Bridge, being formerly the homestead of Benjamin Gulliver.

A good lot of land connected with the premises to be sold also if necessary. A perfect title will be given in both cases.

For further particulars apply to

J. F. GODFREY,
Dow's Block

a12tf tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR RENT

A VALUABLE HOUSE, on Union Street, two Stories, clean rooms, good cellar, and lot. Reasonable terms apply to

JOHN F. GODFREY, Dow Block

dec18

TO LET.

A SUIT OF ROOMS at 70 Main Street. Inquire of

STERN & ATKINS

dec24

Tavern Stand for Sale.

The well known stand called the "American House," in Ellsworth is offered for sale. The location is the best in the city, and the premises are bestowed upon it are also quite modern, and the business must of necessity increase in the future. To one acquainted with the business and who can dispose it to accommodate the public, no better chance offers. The reason for selling is, I have been in the business so long enough.

If the house is not sold, it will be closed as a public house after the 1st of December, until further notice.

BENJ. J. TINKER.

Ellsworth, New 15th 1869 dec21 tf

Pushaw House and Farm

FOR SALE.

This desirable establishment, together with BOATS and FURNITURE, will be sold at Public Auction,

On Saturday, the second day of April next

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on the premises, unless disposed of before at private sale. Be order of

G. L. BOYNTON
D. O. DONOHUE
Adm'x of Estate of J. O'Donohue

R. S. PRESCOTT, Auct'r

Bangor, Jan 18, 1870

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE TAVERN STAND, known as the Sawtelle House situated in Upper Stillwater on the main travelled road, eight miles from Bangor. The buildings are large and commodious, with two good stables and a fine Hall.

An excellent situation for any one who knows how to keep a hotel.

For terms and particulars enquire at the office of SUTTON & MASON, on Exchange Street, or of the subscriber at Upper Stillwater.

A. B. SUTTON.

Upper Stillwater, Dec. 8, 1869 tf

FOR RENT.

THE HOUSE ON THIRD STREET, near the corner of Cedar, formerly occupied by Mrs Emery. A pleasant, sunny house, parlor, sitting and dining rooms, and kitchen on the first floor, six chambers with gas, cistern and other conveniences. Apply to

ISAIAH STETSON,
118 Exchange St.

dec28

FOR SALE.

HOUSE & LOT 173 State Street. House two stories, nearly new, in good repair. Enquire at 78 Exchange Street.

M. E. HODGKINS.

May 19

FOR SALE.

A GOOD TWO STORY HOUSE, Ell and Stable, No 92 Kenduskeag Avenue, Lot 205 by 130 feet.

Also, a first class COTTAGE HOUSE on Walter Street known as the Hathaway Cottage. Lot 114 by 97 feet, both of the above houses are in first rate repair. For particulars apply to

JOHN D. WARREN, No 1 Main Street
Or B. LEWIS, 92 Kenduskeag Avenue

j3

FOR RENT.

One Half of Store and large back room, at No. 4 Main Street

A. N. STUBBS.

Bangor, Jan. 3, 1870.

FOR RENT.

TENEMENT IN BRICK BLOCK, Third Street. Inquire of

WM. ARNOLD

Jan1

For Sale.

A STORY AND A HALF HOUSE, on Essex Street, next the Arsenal. Enquire of

DEXTER ANDREWS.

December 4. tf

Houses & Lots

FOR SALE.

At prices varying from $750 to $5000. Inquire of

C. M. HERSEY,
No 4, Main St

Dec 28, 1869.

Copartnership Notice.

THE Undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the name and style of

HOPKINS & SON,

For the purpose of continuing a general business in VIOLIN, BANJO, GUITAR, ACCORDEON, TAMBOURINE, DRUMS, FIFES, FLUTES, &c.

At No. 90 Exchange St.,

ITHAMAR HOPKINS.
ALBERT E. HOPKINS.

Bangor, January 1, 1870. tf

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the name of JOHNSON & HATHAWAY, for the purpose of carrying on the business of [illegible] Paper and Stationery, at the old stand of Thomas Hamlin, Jr., Exchange Street, Bangor.

[illegible]

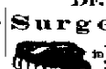
Bangor, Jan 1st, 1870.

jan1

Business Cards.

DR. L. C. YOUNG,

Surgeon Dentist,



Attends to the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Natural TEETH FILLED, and ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber in the most thorough manner, and warranted. Teeth carefully EXTRACTED with the least possible pain. Ether administered to proper patients when desired.

☞ Office in Union Block, Main St., Bangor.—over Allen's Drug Store.) apr29'68 1y

H. L. MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

CAN BE FOUND AT

OLD OFFICE, - - NO. 55 W. Market Square.

(Next to Wheelwright & Clark's Block.)

BANGOR, ME.

February 28, 1869

Stencil Cutting.

Brass Alphabets and Stencil Brushes, all sizes.

ALSO,

STENCIL PASTE, ALL COLORS,

Cheapest and best for marking with large Stencils.

WM. H. EARLE,

No. 2 Harlow's Block, (Up Stairs,)
East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

Jan 27

JOHN P. ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

LINCOLN, MAINE.

Strict attention given to the collection of claims.

1y3d

W. T. HILLIARD,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

—OFFICE—

Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.

Bangor, Nov 27, 1869. tf (Time expired.)

F. W. CHADBOURNE, M. D.,

Physician & Surgeon,

ORONO, MAINE.

☞ Calls attended to Day and Night.

Dec 2

ARCHITECTURE.

PLANS and drafts for all kinds of Buildings, by

J. C. LANE,

No. 123 State Street.

Also STAIR RAILS made to order.

Bangor, Jan 11, 1870 1m

J. W. RAMSDELL,

(Successor to V. & J. W. Ramsdell,)

No. 3 Harlow Street.

Will keep constantly on hand the best assortment in the State of Sporting and Gun materials and tools.

All kinds of Guns, Rifles, and Pistols made and repaired in a workmanlike manner and with despatch. Powder and Lead in quantities to suit purchasers.

Knife Blades and Keys of every description made and fitted to order. Everything I keep will be sold at the lowest price.

☞ Call at the Old Stand, and you will find it so.

jan1 6m

H. C. GOODENOW,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY,

DOW'S BLOCK,

Corner of Hammond & Central Sts.

Nov1. BANGOR, MAINE.

REMOVAL.

By reason of his rapidly increasing business in the first families of Bangor and the first portion of the State

Dr. H. F. TEFFT

Has found it compelled to provide more elegant apartments for his DENTAL OPERATIONS, which he has found on

No. 4 Main Street.

Where he is prepared to do as good work in every part of the dentistry business, as can be done in Maine. He refers to the

ONE THOUSAND FAMILIES

In this part of the State for whom he has performed dental operations, as above.

Remember—Main St., No. 4, Up Stairs

Near Mason's Corner

J. H. CLERGUE,

117 Exchange St

Ladies' and Gent's

WIG-MAKER

AND

Hair Manufacturer,

Where can be found a large Assortment of Hair of all kinds, Gray Hair, Braids, Switches, and Curls. Wigs, Half Wigs, and Front Pieces. Old Hair repaired at short notice. Also an assortment of Yankee Notions and Fancy Goods.

jan28

Gilman, Townsend & Co.

Manufacture

At their factory at MORSE & CO's MILLS,

Black Walnut Chamber Sets

Ash Chamber Sets

OF A

STYLE, DURABILITY and FINISH

Not excelled by any in the country, and offer them for sale at their SALES ROOMS,

No. 9 Granite Block, East Market Square.

All intending to purchase are requested to examine their stock.

jan24 d&w

FILES------FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported.

☞ Call and see them.

OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.

JOB COLLETT,

EXCHANGE STREET

Special Notice.

THE subscriber, of the late firm of F. & S. S. LOW & CO., tenders thanks to his friends and the public for past patronage long bestowed, and would inform them that he is ready to attend to all orders in the MOVING LINE, Brick, Wood or Stone Buildings, Raised or Moved to order.

☞ Residence, 28 Centre Street. Box 385.

S. S. LOW.

Bangor, April 1, 1869.

NOTICE

THE Bonds of the City of Bangor, issued to aid in building the E. & N. A. Railroad, are now in the market. These Bonds are of the denominations of $500 and $1000, payable in thirty years, with semi-annual coupons attached—principal payable in Boston—interest payable in Boston or Bangor. They are commended as a perfectly safe and reliable investment for Agents, guardians, corporations, and individuals investing their own or the funds of others.

Applications for Bonds may be made by letter, or in person, to

S. D. THAYER,
Treas. E. & N. A. R. R. Co.

Bangor, May 13, 1868

200 BARRELS

APPLES.

Baldwins & Greenings,
Kennebec Greenings,
Red Wide Spitzenberg,
Pound Sweets.

For sale by

A. L. & R. C. BOYD.

Nov1

FILES FILES FILES

Paper and [illegible]

[illegible]

To Hardware Dealers, Contractors, Builders and Carpenters.

THE NEW PATENT

Never-Failing, Self-Locking,

WINDOW FAST

The only substitute for weights and pulleys and a complete and perfect SELF-FASTENING sash fastener. It has cost than the old unreliable and unsafe cord to force introduces. *No Catching, No Jarring, Breaking, Slipping, or Dropping,* but ALWAYS SAFE, SELF-Locking and NEVER FAILING. No cords, chains, weights or pulleys to get out of order. No tempered steel springs to break. It is not fastened to *hold and bind* the window *just where we indicate* it from being raised or dropping down. It can be raised or lowered the merest trifle, for ventilation, and CLOSED and there *lock itself.* Another window fastener presents, does, or can, lock the window securely in every place or position. It works equally well on lower or bottom sash, is *simple, strongest,* more effective, durable, and cheaper than any spring ever introduced. Latches are changed to and a single fault. It is cheaply and *easily applied* by any one who knows how to *add or new windows.* Every lock is made in the most thorough manner and warranted perfect. Inquire of the Circulars with Cut and List of Prices, sent free by on application.

☞ Liberal terms to Agents.

OWNED AND MANUFACTURED EXCLUSIVELY BY THE

BOSTON AND MERIDEN MANUFACTURING CO

134 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON,
and 77 Chambers Street, New York.

jan6 4w

For Sale,

In consequence of ill health, the stock of

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes and Furs,

Now in trade at the store formerly occupied by the undersigned, at the corner of Hammond and Main streets, Bangor, is offered for sale at a great bargain. This is one of the best business locations in the city.

Apply at

W. T. CARNARDS

jan29

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

For the next sixty days to make way for Spring Stock.

WOOD'S.

Now is the Time for BARGAINS

jan29

Custom Coat Makers WANTED,

AT No. 102 Main Street.

Groceries & Provisions.

CIDER VINEGAR
PICKLES
SPICES
CLOTHES PINS
SOAP
HAY
COFFEE

SOAPS OF ALL KINDS.

SALERATUS & A. A.

Wholesale and retail at the lowest cash prices.

JOHN S. KEARSTAD & SON

nov9

Closing Out!

We are losing our lease and

Painted Blinds,

Are selling them at less than cost.

Also a large assortment of

Hardware, Paints, and Oils

AT A LOSS.

Nov 30 Head of Union Street

BUTLER & HAYNES.

oct 6

New Store.- - -New Goods.

Mr. JOHN A. KELLEY,

HAVING RETURNED from New York and Boston with the latest styles of Fall and Winter Goods, begs to inform his friends and customers in Bangor and vicinity, that he is now open at the store with a large and well selected stock of GOODS, consisting of

READY MADE CLOTHING

of all descriptions.

Also, a large assortment of CLOTHS, Cassimeres and vestings such as PELOTS, CHINCHILLAS, WHITE NEYS, and MOSCOW BEAVERS, DOESKINS, BROADCLOTHS &c., which he will sell at

LOW EST CASH PRICES

P. S. The Custom Department will receive the immediate attention of Mr. KELLEY, who will pay strict attention to the cutting.

Men's and Boys' Clothing

J. A. KELLEY

Bangor, November 1869

Preserve Your Cider.

Use Neutral Sulphate of Lime.

BUY IT OF

J. F. Patten & Co.,

Nov 26 No 1 Granite Block, Bangor.

National House,

Harlow st. Bangor, Maine,

A. R. GREENOUGH, - - - Proprietor

THIS HOUSE is situated in the most business part of the City, and is convenient to the travelling community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges Moderate.

A. R. GREENOUGH,

Bangor Sept 13

SPEER'S SAMBUCI.

Catawba Port Grape & P. J. Sherry Wine

The above Wines are made by Mr Speer, whose reputation as a wine grower stands pre-eminent. They are well established and long known by the Medical Profession as the most reliable and valuable wines to be had.

Every Mother, in this season, should use

SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE,

celebrated in Spain and Portugal for its beneficial qualities, highly esteemed by eminent physicians and in European and American Hospitals and by the first families in Europe and America.

Excellent for weak and debilitated persons, the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefiting the ladies and children.

As a Diuretic

It imparts a healthy action to the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout and Rheumatic Complaints. Also

Speer's Port Grape Wine.

Is pure juice of the Grape, recommended by Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to Claret or Madeira.

☞ Honeycombe bottles the signature of "ALFRED SPEER" is on the cork of each bottle.

HENRY W. BEECH,
Sole Agent for Dealers and Town Agents, who also keep the celebrated Speer's Port Grape Wine.

TESTIMONIALS.

[illegible] The most *capable and accurate* chemist with whom I have had official intercourse.

CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents."

[illegible] *competent and trustworthy,* and [illegible] their applications in a form to secure the best attainable protection at the Patent Office.

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents."

"Mr. E. H. E. has made for me THIRTEEN applications, in all of which patents have been granted, and that is some *testimony.* Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part, leads me to recommend all inventors to apply to him to prosecute their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed upon their cases and at very reasonable charge.

JOHN TOGHART."

Boston Jan 1 1869 3aw4t

Nwe Store and New Goods.

C. V. RANSDELL,

GUNSMITH,

Would respectfully notify his friends and the public that he has opened Store

No. 4 State Street, Stetson's Block,

Where he keeps a large assortment of

Guns and Gun Materials

of every description,

Sporting apparatus, Powder and Shot, Caps, Fishing Tackle, Steel Traps, &c.

Guns and pistols repaired to order.

The highest prices paid for furs, at No 4 State Street, Bangor, Me. nov23 tf

DO U KNOW!

THAT IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Furniture Cheap,

CALL AT THE

New Furniture Store!

67 Exchange Street

Bangor, Sept. 7 tf

Bowdoin College.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE Fifteen Annual Course of Lectures, in the Medical School of Maine, will commence on the first Wednesday in November, 1869, and continue twenty weeks.

Students can board in the College Building at a cost of from $1 to $1 50 per week.

☞ Tuition required only of those who have not attended a course of lectures.

For further information address the undersigned, Secretary.

J. N. HAYES, M. D., Secretary.

Jan. 4, 1870. 4w1

York Street House,

YORK STREET.

(First Door from Exchange Street.)

BANGOR, MAINE.

This House has just been thoroughly repaired and furnished in first class style, and is now opened to the travelling public and those wishing board. No pains will be spared by the landlord for the comfort of the guests.

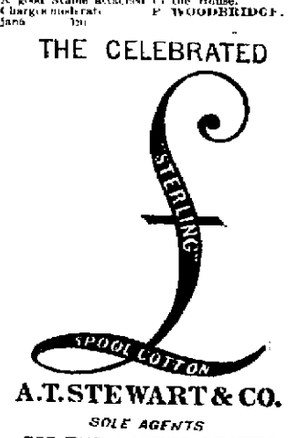
A good Stable attached to the House.

Charges moderate.

F. WOODBRIDGE.

jan6 1m

THE CELEBRATED



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FOR THE UNITED STATES.

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STONE & BROWN
J. C. NICHOLS & CO
PARKER & TIBBY
SIBLEY & ROBERTS.
WM. O. AYER

Jan20 1m

Portable Steam Engines,

COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, after 10 years' trial. All warranted satisfactory or money refunded. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address

J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,

jan6 4m LAWRENCE, MASS.

Beaudry's

IMPROVEMENT IN SAW MILL MACHINERY,

Patented in the United States and Canada.

Is one of the most important inventions of the age in this superseding as it does, the ratchet. Its application to Mills running gangs of saws simplifies the construction, adds increased power and speed, and the saving adds to the capacity of a Mill—from *seventy to one hundred per cent.* An operating model can be seen at the shop of the undersigned, who is empowered to sell Rights, contract for the manufacturing or putting up machinery.

Address Fallon & Jones, Hull, Province of Quebec, or the undersigned for Canada.

GEO. H. HOLT, Gen'l Agent,
No. 4 Gold St., New York City.

☞ Office open Sundays. jan15 4m

WANTED,

AT

LOW'S MARKET,

FOR CASH AND HIGHEST PRICES,

[illegible]

And any quantity of VENISON, BLACK AND WOOD DUCKS, GRAY SQUIRRELS, & TROUT.

WILLIAM LOW.

[illegible] 5m

Mild in their action, efficacious. It is for the best cathartic now in use discovered, and at once relieves all internal obstructions, without causing injury to any of them. The most complicated cases of disease attended to use in many localities and is now offered to the general public with the confidence that it can never fail to accomplish all that is claimed for it. It produces little or no pain, leaves the organs free from irritation, and moreover purges or excites the nervous system. In all diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys, or blood, and in many difficulties peculiar to women, it brings prompt relief and certain cure. The most physicians recommend and prescribe it, and no person who once uses this, will voluntarily return to the use of any other cathartic.

Sold by mail on receipt of price and postage.

1 Box, 30 cts. Postage, 2 cts
6 Boxes, 1 00 " 12 "
12 Boxes, 5 00 " 36 "

Beware of all frauds on drugs and medicines.

TURNER & CO., Proprietors,
14 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale by druggists everywhere.

WANS 6m 1y

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Examiner of the United States Patent Office, Washington, Re-rated 1856.

No 79 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, Boston.

[illegible] years, [illegible] patents in the United States, Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Reissues or Reads, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents executed on reasonable terms with despatch. Reports made into American and Foreign works, to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions and legal advice rendered on all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished for reading and [illegible] Models received in Washington.

*A connection in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 5, 1870

BANGOR TO ELLSWORTH.

In the letter of our Ellsworth correspondent may be found something to jog the recollection of the people of Bangor to the fact that their attention has often been called to the necessity for a railroad direct to Ellsworth If we would secure the trade of the Eastern Counties Bangor is sadly backward in this matter, and has allowed Bucksport to gain a notable advantage. Its citizens have got a survey of the route for a Railroad from Bangor to Ellsworth via Bucksport, have organized for the work, and have done the work so far as to get an act before the Legislature with a fair prospect that a charter will be granted for the "Penobscot & Union River Railroad" Of course that does not build the Railroad, but it gives the Company thus early in the field a chance to acquire all the advantages of an enterprise in which early possession goes a great way with public opinion and with material strength

Now the question arises, whether Bangor can *afford* to let Bucksport carry away the trade of the Eastern Counties for the benefit of Boston merchants. Argue it as you may, it comes back simply to that. Look at the probabilities for a moment.

A contemporary truly remarked that if Ellsworth simply wanted to better her harbor facilities, it was well enough to run a road only to Bucksport. It may be as truly said that the interest of Bucksport lies in having that port the terminus of the railroad from the east. Let this charter be granted, the aid of the towns along the line obtained, and that will satisfy our Bucksport friends Having connected Ellsworth with its harbor, Bucksport will consider its work done, and what facilities it cannot afford to the eastern merchants will be offered them in Boston Its interest will not be to allow the road to run through to Bangor The result will be that if Bangor desires to get the Eastern trade at all, it will finally have to build a road to Bucksport or Ellsworth without any aid from either of those places

We repeat, can Bangor afford this? By prompt action now it may procure a Railroad direct to Ellsworth with the aid of the eastern towns, and secure their trade; by delay it will be forced to reach the same end with diminished benefit, at its own expense — The interest of both ends of the line favors the most direct route, and may combine forces, if Bangor takes the lead Shall we secure all the trade at a slight expense, or shall we wait and finally content ourselves with a fraction of it at an enormous outlay?

In our Washington letter, published this morning, will be found a statement relative to the estimates and Mr Dawes' position, which scarcely tallies with the general impression Still it represents one side of the controversy —that of the Department officers—and what the writer says of the motives of Mr Dawes is of importance only as showing the character of the contest in a personal point. As we have before said, neither Mr Dawes, General Butler, Secretary Boutwell, President Grant, nor any other man as an individual, is concerned in this controversy. Each looks at it from a different stand point, and we must regard each as equally sincere To attack the motives and character of a public servant will not refute his figures Mr Dawes has made statements which may have been somewhat extravagant, but so far they stand substantially undisputed. That is, he points out where reductions in expenditures may be made and the people seem to demand that retrenchment shall commence immediately — We have no idea that a slight clerical reduction in the Treasury or any other Department will seriously embarrass business We rather hope that this agitation may have the effect to reduce official business to the economical standard of private business.

The Journal of Belfast is altogether too fast in intimating that the Whig takes to "cover up" the "paper credit" frauds, so called, or any other fraud of friend or foe We published yesterday all the report of the Commissioners bearing upon that subject, and we have repeatedly urged that the investigation shall be pushed to the satisfaction of the most radical demand. In face of this, the Journal returns to the charge about frauds and accuses the Republican party with attempting to shield somebody from punishment. We notice, however, that it is very Irish with its knowledge without giving us any new light by which we may approach the same point of wisdom. What we desire is *fact*, not *assumption* Let us have the thing probed to the bottom that the people may be satisfied We only object to reckless charges without proof, such as the Democratic press so fondly and persistently indulge The Whig will not be found backward in any proper and thorough investigation

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The debates in Congress lately have demonstrated the fact that there is one department at least in which the expenditures may bear a heavy reduction to the benefit of the country Our Navy has not grown to that importance that justifies the lavish expenditure appropriated. In fact, Congress has cut down the estimates to a material amount, and but for the fact that at this inclement season, it might be the means of throwing so many mechanics out of employment without notice, they would have received a greater reduction still.

The agitation of this subject shows that the Navy Department has been a fruitful outlet without any adequate return, and that the money can be a great deal more profitably invested in another direction. Our Navy Yards are not conducted with any thing like the economy of private yards for the construction and repair of shipping. Now the question arises whether the same money could not be very well expended in building up the commercial marine of the country — We need ocean lines of steamers, which must be to some measure subsidized to overcome at first the European monopolies.— These lines must necessarily be placed in private hands, with suitable safeguards, but the opinion seems to be gaining ground that through this means we can secure ships that will in time of need supply the country with a Navy efficient and amply sufficient for all our needs Hereafter less reliance will probably be placed in Government Navy Yards, and more in private enterprise Economy demands it, and the service cannot suffer from it.

The Portland Argus, we infer, thinks there will be no political parties in this country after the adoption of the 15th amendment.— That is, it asserts, in its blindness to other living issues, that the work of the Republican party ends with that accomplishment, and every body knows the amendment is the death of the Democratic party. The Argus we suppose is getting ready for a new departure in status.

While the Fifteenth Amendment was under discussion in the Rebel House of Representatives, Somebody, somewhere, said that, "while he belonged to the Democratic Party, he believed in the Union first." To prove the Democratic Party behind the Union

At the opening of the New Foundland Legislature Thursday, the Lieut. Governor in a speech expressed the hope that nothing would occur to prevent the colony from becoming confederated with the Canadas, whereupon an anti-confederate moved a resolution of "no confidence," and requesting His Excellency to call upon Charles Fox Bennett to form a new ministry The motion was carried by a vote of 21 anti-confederates to 8 confederates That has a strong squint toward annexation

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THE AMENDMENT COMPLETE

Georgia makes the twenty-eighth State that has ratified the Fifteenth Amendment, thus completing the number necessary to make it a part of the Constitution of the United States We put the process of ratification thus far on record, as follows

States	Date of Ratification
Missouri	March 1, 1869 (Corrected)
Kansas	Feb 27, 1869 (Corrected)
North Carolina	March 5, 1869
West Virginia	March 3 1869
Massachusetts	March 9-12, 1869
Wisconsin	March 9, 1869
Maine	March 12, 1869
Louisiana	March 5, 1869
Michigan	March 8, 1869
South Carolina	March 16, 1869
Pennsylvania	March 26 1869
Arkansas	March 30 1869
Connecticut	May 19, 1869
Florida	June 15, 1869
Illinois	March 5, 1869
Indiana	March 14-1869
New York	March 17, April 14 1869
New Hampshire	July 7, 1869
Nevada	March 1 1869
Vermont	October 21 1869
Virginia	October 8, 1869
Alabama	November 16, 1869
Minnesota	January 14, 1870
Mississippi	January 17 1870
Rhode Island	January —, 1870
Ohio	January 20 1870
Iowa	January 20, 1870
Georgia	February 2, 1870

Nebraska will add its ratification during the present month, and Texas is bound by the reconstruction acts to accept the amendment as a condition precedent to restoration to the Union When these thirty states shall have recorded their assent, it will be time to attend to the claim of New York that she has withdrawn hers Even if it should be admitted, as well as the claim of the Indiana Democrats that the ratification of that State was defective, it will still be seen that the requisite constitutional number will remain North of these pretenses, however, will stand an impartial examination The Fifteenth Amendment has been incorporated in the Constitution, and there it will remain forever

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It is stated that in the executive session of the Senate Thursday on the nomination of Judge Hoar for the Supreme Court all the New England Senators present voted in the affirmative except Mr Edmunds of Vermont and all the Southern Senators except Warner of Alabama, and Gilbert of Florida voted in the negative Williams of Oregon was the only Senator from the Pacific states voting yea. Both the New York Senators voted nay, as did all the Democrats Mr Morton was not present, but would have voted nay — Mr Sherman was also absent It is definitely known that Mr Hoar's present intention is to remain in the Cabinet

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THE CUBAN TRIUMPH Further Havana advices state that Puello's defeat near Guantamaro, which is the Cuban seat of Government and which was sought to be captured, was more disastrous than previous accounts have stated His total loss in killed, wounded and prisoners was near 1000 The Cuban pursued and harassed the flying columns of the enemy until the latter reached Arroyo Honda, where Puello entrenched himself and stood a siege of fifteen days suffering great privations and killing horses and mules for food A postscript adds the rumor that Puello has been seized by the enraged Spanish volunteers in Nuevitas and is a captive in their hands.

LETTER FROM ELLSWORTH

ELLSWORTH, Feb 1 1870

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier

After weeks of weary waiting, our first snow has at last come in abundance to save our drooping business Continue six weeks of dreary mud had nearly driven us to despair Every interest was suffering severely and the baleful effects of the little work done will be felt all through the year New hope arises as if to rebuke us for our repinings the sun is still steady and rapidly falling, although we have more than enough

The difficulty of communication has worked our citizens up to a heat on the subject of Railroads We have finally agreed to labor for a Railroad to Bucksport, and our petitions have gone into the Legislature for such a road All the objections urged to such a road are fully answered by the simple fact that Bucksport offers to furnish $300 000 for a road from Bucksport directly East This sum with what Orland and Surry can and will supply will build the road almost to Union River If we can raise $200,000 (which I think we can do) the road will surely be built This road once built, the interests of the corporation will keep pushing the road further as I further East

It is useless to talk about a road to Bangor until Bangor is ready to furnish means for at least fifteen or twenty miles of the road We see no prospect of that I think, and we don't care to wait.

David A Wasson of Boston will deliver the next Lecture before our Literary Course, on the 14th inst Subject "The Emigrant Ship at Sea." The Library Association have donated their Library to the city and the city have accepted the gift. Rev Wm L Savary has been elected Superintendent of the Library and will use every effort to increase its usefulness as a Public Library J E C K

LATEST NEWS IN BRIEF

The Hudson River was open Thursday to Albany and Troy

The small pox is diminishing in New York There were only eight fatal cases this week

Harvey Maguire a boy who was run over by the horse cars in New York has recovered $3,000 damages from the company

A young man in New Haven Ct named John Durgan was on Thursday caught in a belt in a factory, whirled around a shaft and torn to pieces

John Ewer, a resident of Montpelier Vt was killed Thursday afternoon at Waterbury, Vt., by falling from a bridge at which he was at work

A young man in Providence, named Hadsell, was shot in the foot Thursday evening by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the pocket of a companion

Prince Arthur at the invitation of General McDougal, visited the New York harbor forts Thursday afternoon. He was received with a royal salute at Governor's Island

A freight train was thrown from the track Thursday between Burlington and Essex, Vt. One man was killed and several others employed on the train were seriously injured.

The Crosby Opera House at Chicago had a narrow escape from destruction by fire Thursday night. The fire originated in the studio Mrs. H S St. John, and nearly all her works of art were destroyed. The loss is from $7,000 to $8,000.

The Spaniards of Cuba manifest great indignation at the killing of Castanon. From all parts of the Island come reports of public demonstrations of Spaniards against Cubans. The Governor-General sent a dispatch to Macedian in which he warns the insurgents that they give a poor idea of the government which contains them, by continually acts of robbery, and robbing them of the fruits of their toil, and the maintenance of which they also contribute, and of which they are the chief victims.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, D C, Jan 30

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier

We are now having a California winter here so the citizens of that State say Thus far the temperature has not fallen scarcely below the freezing point, and then only for a very short time Even the oldest inhabitants consider it a remarkably mild winter This is all very pleasant and agreeable, but I prefer a little more clear cold bracing weather, such as you enjoy which puts life and vigor into a man As a natural consequence the city mortality and sick lists are increasing at a rapid rate for we do not have frost enough to purify the air But people are making the best of this fine weather, the Avenue is alive with an animated mass and presents almost as gay an appearance as Broadway If it was lined with such splendid stores as that street it would certainly be the most magnificent thoroughfare in the country,—I speak of that portion of the Avenue between the Capitol & the Treasury Department or the Avenue proper for although it stretches from Georgetown to the East Branch a distance of over three miles the business is that spot and pretty long enough too, and that is a mile and a half of a street Railroad track, which begins at the Capitol gate and runs to the South front of the Treasury Building.

Washington is really owned at four points plus the four, and is capable of being made (some half the expense of any other city of its size) the Paris of America Congress voted its share of the Capitol Extension but refused to make any appropriation for such a magnificent scheme for the improvement of the streets and avenues Congress is now making a liberal appropriation for the improvement of the Avenue, but it will take years to make it what it should be. Further provision is made for the improvement of the streets and avenues of the City, but the company to do the work have not been able to raise the money to do it with the present City of such a flat city as Chicago is the disruptions of asphalt and the filth which characterize the streets of San Francisco It has been overlooked or all sides by Legislators who have affected to feel a hearty interest in villas and mansions The Lottery business seems to be in a fair way for a revival this year and will add the opening of a small sum for the purpose it will always create a large size to approach as close as can be given the United States proceeds of the sale of Washington simply for the reason that until the work looks a little more like a city and less like a country village it will be difficult to induce people to make the Capital their home, and to establish both a permanent residence and a home in the State

Mr Dawes the new chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of raising a revenue to pay the interest on the two per cent on all premiums collected by foreign insurance companies doing business in this State He has thus boldly placed himself on the great principle that all who share in the benefits of the government should share in the burdens of the government, and that all should share alike. Further he proposes to make no exemptions

The business was carried on in Congress in the interests of the companies. The business of insurance was allowed to go on, and no statistics of the extent of the business could be procured. It was stated on the floor of the House that one company in the year 1868 in aggregate of premiums received $49,072,411 gross and paid out for all losses $11,000 leaving a net income for same year of $38,072,411 paid out in dividends $1,000,000 leaving a net income for same year of $37,072,411 paid out in dividends was given out of several companies varying from 10 to 40 per cent showing that the successful courses of business of the company amounted to more than the amount of capital, the stockholders were actually paid back in dividends $1,000,000 in premiums and $37,072,411 gross making an aggregate of payments paid in Mr Dawes that year of $48,072,411 showing that Mr Dawes is all very sorry and that he will have to draw from the State treasury was stated by Mr Dawes that the tax received from the companies doing business in this State was thus shown to be a loss to the State and all the churches and State institutions which the companies do not pay a tax on, for the laws of Massachusetts will be suspended in the case of the companies doing business in this State which are taxed, and the companies doing business in this State will be taxed in proportion to the amount of business done in this State which is not the case at present. Mr Dawes said that the companies doing business in this State should

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

FORTY FIRST CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4

SENATE.

The Vice President submitted the resolutions of the recent meeting at the Cooper Institute New Rork, sympathizing with the people of Cuba, etc Referred to the Com on Federal Relations and ordered to be printed

Mr Conkling in presenting various petitions for the abolition of the franking privilege said that being entitled to the floor at the expiration of the morning hour to call up the census bill, he would give way to the Senator from Minn, (Ramsey) if that Senator would move to take up the bill for the abolition of the franking privilege

Mr Ramsey signified his assent

Mr Hamlin remarked that Friday having been set apart for the consideration of business pertaining to the District of Columbia, he would insist upon the special order

Mr Sherman called up the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold moneys due any State which may be in default of the payment of interest on any of its bonds held in trust by the United States. An explanatory letter from the Secretary of the Interior was read The bill passed without objections

On motion of Mr Ramsey the House bill for the abolition of the franking privilege was taken up

Mr Sherman moved to amend the first section by adding the proviso that nothing therein contained should be construed to repeal or to effect the free transmission by the mails of newspapers within 20 miles of the place of publication.

The subject was then postponed by a vote of 34 to 22

On motion of Mr Carpenter, the resolution calling upon the President for information relating to affairs in Georgia was taken from the table and agreed to.

Mr Howe presented a memorial for the incorporation of Washington City Tobacco Manufacturing Association, an operative association designed to give employment to six hundred colored people

The Senate then proceeded to consider bills of a private character pertaining to the District of Columbia.

The bill relieving the legal and political disabilities under the 14th amendment of the Constitution of large numbers of persons in various States was taken up

Mr Robertson offered various amendments inserting additional names

Mr Edmunds said he had been informed by the House that among the names proposed to be added was one of a man in Tennessee against whom ten indictments were now pending Pending the consideration of the bill the Senate adjourned until Monday

HOUSE.

Mr Sloeum of N Y, as a question of privilege called the attention of the House to an advertisement in the New York Times of the 28 of February, which he thought calculated to bring dishonor upon the House The advertisement read as follows

United States Naval Academy Vacant cadetship to be filled before June Parties of means may address Congressman, box 147, Times office Also a West Point vacancy."

He offered a resolution authorizing the Com on Military Affairs to inquire whether any member of the House ever sold or offered to sell his influence as a member in securing appointments to the Military or Naval Academy Adopted

Mr Cunningham from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to permit Francis E. Shuler, the member elect from North Carolina to take the oath prescribed for persons relieved from disabilities, instead of the test oath

After discussion, the bill being advocated by Mr Bingham and opposed by Mr Paine, was laid on the table 80 to 78

Petitions for the abolition of the franking privilege were presented and for a specific duty of at least twenty five cents per pound on foreign books

Mr Lawrence of Ohio, introduced a bill to provide a mode for paying pensions The bill provides that the Secretary of the Interior shall select in every County in the United States either a National Bank, a Postmaster, an Assessor or Collector of Internal Revenue or other existing officer, to prepare all pension papers for paying pensions free of cost to pensioners The Commissioner of Pensions shall certify to each officer a list of pensioners in his county, and transmit a check on the nearest Assistant Treasurer, payable to the order of each pensioner to be delivered to pensioners, who shall be paid as now The sum of $100,000 shall be paid annually to officers for their services in equitable proportion, instead of $250,000 paid in commissions as now The quarterly payments it is claimed will save the pensioners several millions now paid for money loaned on the pledge of pension certificates and save them $1,400,000 annually paid to agents for collecting pensions and $357 500 paid for notaries fees and for preparing pension papers

The House then went into a Com of the Whole and took up the bill for the temporary relief of the poor of the District of Columbia

On motion of Mr Benjamin of Missouri, the Committee rose and reported a recommendation that the Committee be discharged from its further consideration and that it be referred to the Com for the District of Columbia with instructions to report a bill requiring the proper authorities of the District to levy a tax sufficient to support its poor

Mr Farnsworth of Illinois, classed it as an outrage to require the people of the District to support all the poor who came flocking into the District from Maryland and Virginia.

Mr Kelley of Penn, declared that he never knew a vote to be given in the House so ungenerous, unjust and inhuman as that just given.

Mr Twitchell of Mass, made an appeal to the House in favor of the starving poor of the District

The question was then taken in the House on the recommendation of the Committee and the House refused to adopt it. The amendment offered by Mr Logan the other day instructing the Secretary of War to issue rations to the poor was adopted—Yeas, 60, nays 83 The bill was then passed 110 to 56

After the introduction and reference of several bills not of general interest, the House at 3 o'clock adjourned, the session to-morrow to be for general debate only

COURT OF INQUEST

HUDSON, N Y, Feb 4

The jury of inquest held on the bodies of the three men who were killed by an accident on the Boston & Albany R. R, at Chatham yesterday, say in their verdict that the Boston & Albany R R. Corporation are to blame in not providing a sufficient number of brakemen to manage a heavily loaded train of 18 cars, and that John Lasty, a brakeman on the rear car of the detached train, was not at his post of duty at the time of the collision, and that John Lasty, by his criminal neglect of duty did contribute to the collision, and that Chas. H Spring, Miles Phillips and Henry Lapsely died of injuries received by them at the said collision through the carelessness and neglect of the said John Lasty

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 4

The merchants and ship owners held a meeting last night and resolved to resist the collection of harbor dues which they consider unconstitutional. A test case will be made

The coinage at the Branch Mint during the month of January amounted to $1,620,000 all of which was in double eagles

FROM HAVANA.

HAVANA, Feb 3 } via Key West Feb 4 }

Advices from Santiago up to Jan. 30th have been received Ten leagues from that city the insurgents captured a convoy loaded with provisions and ammunition. Several fights had been reported within that jurisdiction and the insurgents had captured garrisons on two estates. A steamer had recently landed arms and ammunition on the north coast.

Advices from Nassau, N. P, have been received, dated Jan. 31st. Gen. Goicouria with 20 men and 200 rifles recently left that port in a schooner, and it is believed that he had landed in Cuba. Jasper Agnero left Nassau on the 19th on a lighter with 9 men. He was heard of on the 24th near the Cuban coast and he proposed to run in and land that night.

FIRE.

CHICAGO, Feb 4.

A fire occurred in Galena to-day and destroyed two bricks stores occupied by Wineberger and Boswell, Russell & Co and others. Loss $12,000—mostly covered by insurance.

CANADA MATTERS.

MONTREAL, Feb. 4.

Bishop Tache of Red River arrived in this evening from Rome via Portland. He will leave immediately for the northwest for the purpose of arranging matters.

FROM WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Feb 4

F A Abbatt, connected with the press of New York and other cities, was summoned to appear before the Banking Committee and give his evidence on the gold panic

The Swatara will sail for the West Indies to-morrow, and the Yantic will follow very soon

The yellow fever has broken out on board the Seminole, now in the West Indies, and the vessel has been ordered home The reports to the Navy Department from Admiral Turner state that he had visited the Sandwich Islands in the U S steamer Monocacy where they were received with great distinction by the inhabitants

Official information was received here to day showing that the policy of the North German Confederation is in accord with that of the United States, and that Count Bismarck, equally with our government, is opposed to all who would weaken and degrade the central government of China by the application of force at the ports, at the discretion of those who command it, without reference to Pekin or the home government

NEW YORK ITEMS

NEW YORK, Feb 4

The case of Jerrey, et al, vs Hart, et al which came up yesterday in the Supreme Court, special term, before Judge Cardozo, on a motion for an injunction and the appointment of a receiver, involves some very delicate questions of law arising out of the late rebellion. The consolidated Steamship Company was organized in 1863 by the Legislature of South Carolina for the avowed purpose of running the blockade in and out of Charleston, and the question now is, can a partnership agreement be enforced under such circumstances?

The Comptroller yesterday sent to the Common Council his estimates of city expenses for city purposes for 1870, amounting to $6,854,849 06 This is $1 068,759 40 less than for the year 1869

It is announced that at an early day following the official promulgation of the 15th amendment by the Secretary of State the American Anti-Slavery Society will hold a fitting commemoration in this city

McFarland, the killer of Richardson, was visited in the Tombs yesterday by a Mr Rogers of Philadelphia, who proffered $500 to the fund for his defense

Another murder is reported in New Jersey In this case the victim is a negro, whose name has not transpired. The alleged murderer is a young man named John Wanomaker, whose father formerly kept a butcher shop in Jersey City From what can be ascertained the accused, who resided with his father at Rock Hill, Bergen county, became enraged with the colored man on Tuesday night and struck him so severe a blow that he fell down and at instantly expired

A libel was filed this morning in the U S District Court against the steamer Narragansett for having run into the Sound steamboat Providence on the 24th of April last. $6 000 are claimed for damages and repairs. The value of the use of the Providence is given by the libellant at $1,000 a day

A motion was made by the prosecution in the Court of General Sessions to remove the trial of Daniel McFarland, for the murder of A D Richardson, to the Court of Oyer and Terminer on the ground that the case would occupy too much of the time of the former Court The motion was strongly opposed by the defense as prejudicial to the interests of the prisoner. The decision was reserved

The American Fire proof Warehouse Co having discovered that some stolen bonds of the Company were in the possession of Pinchney & Brothers, have summoned the latter before the Police Court for examination, they refusing to give any account of how they became possessed of the bonds

The Post says the statement in the morning papers that new frauds had been discovered in the Custom House, and that the deputy collector and appraiser were implicated in the conspiracy to defraud the customs by certifying to silk as cotton, is pronounced utterly without foundation No such frauds have been discovered and no such investigation is going on as reported.

Gen Sheridan has arrived here from Chicago,

CABLE NEWS

LONDON Feb. 4—Dispatches received today from India by the overland line, confirm the previous announcement of the arrival of the steamship Great Eastern at Bombay—She will soon commence the work of laying a cable to the mouth of the Red Sea.

Madrid, Feb 4.—Col Layu has come to this city to challenge Senor Figueror

Rome, Feb 4—Another public congregation of the Oecumenical Council was held to day The Archbishop of Smyrna celebrated mass

The death of the Archbishop of Lenida was announced

An official statement just published shows that that the Oecumenical Council now consists exactly of 700 members

Liverpool, Feb 4—The brigatine Martha, from St John, N B, was wrecked off the coast of Ireland

Frankfort, Feb. 4—American bonds closed firm U S 5-20s 98¼

GOLD DISCOVERY

TERRE HAUTE, Ind, Feb 5

The most intense excitement prevails in Clark's county, Ill, in consequence of the discovery of gold on Big Creek, about 20 miles from this city. A lately returned Californian a miner of 18 years' experience, has been for some days prospecting in the ravines along the creek, and in every handful of earth he has found gold in paying quantities The people of that section are wild with the gold mania, and are leaving all other business to search for the precious metal

POLITICAL

MONTGOMERY, Ala, Feb 4

The House to-day voted down the bill for the State to issue its bonds for $3,000,000 in aid of the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad by a vote of 55 to 35. The constitution requires a two-thirds majority for such laws—A motion to reconsider the vote was postponed to-morrow, and there is heavy lobbying to-night.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, Feb 4.

Money market is easier to-day at 5 to 6 percent on call

The Foreign Exchange market is quoted at 109 for long and 109¾ for short sight

Gold market was dull this afternoon, closing at 109¼

The rates paid for carrying to-day were 5, 6 7 and 5½ per cent

Gross clearances $43,300 000

Government securities closed heavy this afternoon The following are closing quotations

U S Sixes (coupons)	1881	115
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1862	115
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1864	114¼
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1865	114¾
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1865 (Jan and July)	114
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1867	114
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1868	114
U S 10-40s (coupons)		111¼
Pacific Sixes,		111

Southern State securities this afternoon were generally strong

The stock market closed firm this afternoon The following are the closing quotations

Western Union 36; Pacific Mail 41, Boston Water Power Company 18 a 19; N Y Central & Hudson River Railroad Company 92½, Harlem Railroad Company 138½, Reading Railroad Company 99, Michigan Central Railroad Company 118½, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company 89, Illinois Central Railroad Company 135, Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 97, Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 72½ do preferred 89½, Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company 116 Milwaukee & St Paul Railroad Company 72½, preferred 90 Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad 89 Wabash Railroad Company 36; Pacific Railroad 39 preferred 41, Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 26½ Boston Hartford & Erie 7

Balance in the Sub-Treasury—Currency $5,[illegible] 417, general $33,350,000

MARKETS

NEW YORK, Feb 4

Cotton is much'd — sales 950 bushels — middling uplands 25½.

Flour—sales 6,900 bbls—State and Western is very dull — Superfine to fancy State $ 50 a 5,90, superfine to choice western $ 60 a $ 10 Southern is dull — sales 450 bbls — common to choice 5,50 a 9,75.

Wheat is dull and drooping — sales 27 000 bushels — No 2 Spring 1 17 a 1,20, Winter Red Western 1,27 a 1,28½

Corn is much'd — sales 38 000 bushels — new mixed western 88 a 96

Oats are unsettled — sales 34,000 bushels — Western 73 a 84

Beef steady—new plain 10 00 a 15,00, new extra do 14 00 a 17,50

Pork firmer—sales 500 bbls—new mess 26 25 a 26,50, prime do 22,50 a 23 00

Lard is easy—sales 550 bbls—steam rendered 15½ a 16¼, kettle 1 a 17½

Sugar is quiet—sales 380 hhds—Fair to Good Refining 9 a 10¼

Molasses quiet—sales 925 bbls—New Orleans 73 to 75 cents.

Tallow steady.

Linseed quiet

Freights to Liverpool quiet—Cotton per steamer ¼d.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.

Flour quiet—Spring extras 4,00 a 4,60

Wheat [illegible]

Corn is lower—No 2 [illegible]

Oats active—No 2, 60c

The Sheriff [illegible] in a compromise to pay fifteen cents for on appropriation of six hundred dollars to complete the Custom House at Castine, Me.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

—Rev J C Kimball, of Beverly, Mass, will supply the Unitarian pulpit for a few Sabbaths, commencing to-morrow

—Rev Mr Gunthson of Dexter will exchange with Rev Mr Lovejoy of Orono to morrow

—Miss Susie M. Johnson will lecture in City Hall to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon and evening, also the following Sunday

—Yesterday was a good day for the Bangor Ice Co, who, by the way, are now housing some beautiful ice for next season's use Taken 10 inches thick and clear as crystal are now being housed

—Yesterday was the coldest day of the season as the mercury is reported in various localities from 2° to 10° below zero

—There will be a lecture at the Pine Street Church on Sunday evening by the pastor—Subject—Life and times of Cranmer

—There will be a series of evening meetings next week at the Pine Street Church

—West Market Square hasn't looked very busy the present week Snow and Frost have been too much for our friends from the country

—An ancient brewery—February

—The late unpleasantness—curtain lectures after midnight

—It will be seen by the Legislative report that the petitioners for the incorporation of the Central Penobscot Agricultural Society have been refused a charter

—At the meeting of the Directors of the Lumbermen's Insurance Company on Tuesday last the following persons were elected officers for present year Thomas J Stewart, President and Treasurer and Joseph W Freese, Secretary

LARGE INCREASE Mr Eben Hunt of Upper Stillwater raised 1 bushel of Early Rose potatoes from one pound of seed on four small potatoes He dug them the 20th of September

—Now that Mr Sherman's Steel Factory is well under way at Buckspert there is talk of erecting another there to manufacture and the Furbush patent

—The President has sent to the Senate the nomination of Charles R. Whidden as Collector of Customs at Passamaquoddy and Wm H Sargent for the same office at Castine

—Our Fairfield correspondent says that the thermometer went down to 3° below zero yesterday morning

—A correspondent thinks Exeter is ahead in raising calves A cow belonging to Asa G Batters dropped a calf the 30th of last month which when three hours old weighed 125 pounds

—A correspondent informs us that the remains of young Clark, who committed suicide in Augusta have been removed to his home in Bowerbank

—Our Augusta correspondent says that Mr S B Holt a clerk to the Commissioners on State Valuation, died yesterday morning suddenly at the Cushnoc House of congestion of the lungs He had been ill for some time but was thought to be improving He got up yesterday morning and dressed himself and died in a short time thereafter

—Calvin Chamberlain Esq of Foxcroft proposes to lecture before Farmers Clubs as follows Dover Monday evening, Feb 7th Garland Tuesday Feb 8th Exeter Wednesday Feb 9th Stetson Thursday Feb 10th Kenduskeag Friday, Feb 11th East Hilton Saturday, Feb 12th, Orland Monday Feb 14th, Bucksport, Wednesday Feb 16th Lincoln, Friday, Feb 18th His lecture is a text of practical instruction

—Capt Cunnerell has returned to England for permission to take his ship into New York and Boston

—The Miramichi and Terror have been ordered from Portland to Portsmouth After loading the Benicia sails for the China seas

—The officers of the Plymouth gave a dinner to the officers of the Monarch at the Falmouth in Portland Thursday evening

—The Belfast Age says a fine fore and aft schooner has been built at Bucksport by the firm of Bearley & Co 220 tons O M and in every respect a first class vessel She was built for the West India trade, and will be commanded by Capt Chipman of North Bucksport Her cost is estimated at sixteen thousand dollars She is owned by Captain Chipman Frederick Spoffard F B Coffin S P Hill G I Buzzell and others of Bucksport

—Rev J H Ames of New York has received a call to become pastor of the Bates Street Universalist Society of Lewiston and will probably enter upon his duties the 13th inst, as we learn from the Journal

—The Lewiston Journal says Auburn invested $2 500 in the paper credit men and as soon as the Legislature brings out the facts of this stupendous swindle, the authorities are promised to see who cheated that city out of $2 000

—The Augusta Standard says that Mrs Luther a widow lady residing on Cushnoc Heights fell on Sunday 23d ult and badly fractured her arm

—The Reporter says that J W Bixby of Athens has sold his saw and shingle mill on the upper dam to parties from Gardiner who are to fit it up for a first-class shingle mill

—The Augusta Journal says that Capt H O Nickerson of Readfield fell from a scaffold while raising his barn on Tuesday and broke one of his hips just below the socket

—The Times says that some vile wretch has defaced the Soldiers Monument at Bath

—Mrs Mary C wife of John F Harmon of Marshfield recently died very suddenly from the effects of a surgical operation for a cancerous affliction

—The Times says that Mr J H Robinson is loading the schooner Nuevitas at Bath, with a cargo of ice for Baltimore

—The fiftieth birthday of Maine as a State falls on the 4th of March next It is proposed to celebrate the day in some manner

—The complimentary statement is made that no member of the Cumberland County Board of County Commissioners uses either tobacco or intoxicating liquors

—The Gardiner Post of the Grand Army of the Republic gave a grand entertainment Wednesday evening, for the benefit of the charity fund of Heath Encampment.

—Somerset Mills seem to have an unusually large amount of lumber yards so says the Skowhegan Reporter

—The Belfast Age says on Thursday Jan 27th, Atwell, son of James Nash of Liberty, a one armed soldier, had his leg broken about four inches above the ankle joint while chopping wood alone in the woods. His cries brought his neighbor to his assistance, and he was removed after much suffering, to the house, and his leg set by Dr Thompson, of Union. On Saturday, 29th, Mr. Nash was surprised by the appearance of Jonathan Mason, and seven yoke of oxen who entered his woods without ceremony, and cut and hauled to his door nine cords of wood enough to last until Mr Nash's laying.

—The Journal says at the friendly contest of [illegible] with Henry Shief of Fairfield, and Charles R Smith of Augusta, Thursday evening, the Fairfield team won the first game by a score of [illegible] The second game was [illegible] Mr. Smith. Score [illegible] highest run of the evening, 111.

LEGISLATIVE GOSSIP. By telegraph from Augusta last night we learn that the school book interests are bringing a strong force to defeat the efforts of the friends of education in securing uniformity of text books in this State Several remonstrances were presented against the measure yesterday The general railroad bill lies on the table in the Senate assigned to next Wednesday It is understood that its enemies are proposing to go for it if its friends will so amend it as to allow parallel roads to be built for five years along lines where roads are now under construction In the House the Committee on the Judiciary yesterday reported a bill in the House to amend the statutes relative to the inspection of flour The Pension Committee reported a bill to provide State Pensions to disabled soldiers and their heirs The Kergan Dickey case is creating much interest The vote promises to be close.

—The following names appear as corporators in the act to incorporate the Penobscot & Union River Railroad

Seth Tisdale, A F Drinkwater, N K Sawyer Moses Young, D H Eppes John D Hopkins H M Hall, Barlow Hall Ir Sewall B Swazey Ambrose White J I Buck N J Hill Alonzo Colby, S P Hall L C Woodman Edward Swazey George L Bradley, James Emery, A P Emerson John Buck Isaac Partridge John A Buck Chas Newcomb Micajah Conner Solomon Phipps M F Eldridge W F Covell Thomas B George David Sargent, 2d, R K Cushing, George O Goodwin A S Mesereau John Libbetts A C Wilson Jesse Hinks, D B Doane L S Pangs, Calvin Kent, Alpheus Robinson A T Parker J W Palmer Eben Blunt, John L Cutler, Davis R Stockwell, E H Rodgers J O B Darling, A D Manson Samuel Wasson Philip J Milliken Samuel Merrill Elisha Bowden, Isaac B Goodwin Joseph F Hinckley

—A winter in the Ellsworth American thus pictures a new railroad route. The writer of Phillips land in Dedham in navigating that town between the Union and Penobscot water running both ways which he says is unique The main road, it was connected with Bucksport on the other of which is the establishment of W K Spofford commonly known as Stetts mill From this place the stream runs north westerly to George's corner in Holden then takes a southerly course down the valley past Holden tannery now operated by Stetson Cent of Bangor and the Dedham tannery to Bangor then to Marshborn stream and Dead river to Marlaces point The rail road from Bangor to Bucksport she did come to George's corner thence down the valley and connect with the Bucksport and Ellsworth road at or near the falls of Union river in Orland South a question come from the proposed route from Bucksport to Ellsworth would be in contact with more water power than any other route in western Hancock

THE DEAF MUTES' EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION met at Monson on Saturday, 29th ult as we learn from the Gazette The meeting was called to order by E E Harvey Esq President of the Association Chas C A Hoyt Secretary

Which is the best method of teaching Geography was discussed by W S Knowlton Co Superintendent, J H Fullen C Davison Reed S Wentworth of Monson, and O L Barton of Augusta

The following questions were discussed in the afternoon

First—The language which Writing, should be taught in our common schools By G A Jamie Hasock of Abbot, W S Knowlton Reed S Wentworth of Monson, and O L Barton of Augusta who maintained the ground that the Spencerian is the only time system and that it should be taught in our schools

Second—That Grammar should be taught in our common schools Rev Mr Barbe of Orono thought it should not be used in school if parents or scholars objected W S Knowlton and Rev Messrs Bailey Wentworth and Macomber, of Monson, took the position that it should be read in our schools to-day and our President said he also thought it should be used in our schools Catholic or no Catholics Decided in the affirmative

The following were appointed a committee to all resolutions O L Barton C Davison and Mr Jamie of Blue hard, and they afterwards reported resolutions favorable to teachers associations, compliimentary to the Co Superintendent and in favor of State and County Teachers Institutes

A discussion followed by W S Knowlton on Illustrated Astronomy

The Association is expected to meet in Dover, will be held at Parlmon Sat in Oct 1869 1870

—A correspondent of the Farmington Journal writes that Capt. Joshua Rowe of Rangeley has opened a plantation on Sunday Bay for the cultivation of the pineapple He raises the largest specimens that grow anywhere, and which have never till recently been brought to this country He has patented a process for preserving fruits by covering them with a resinous compound that preserves them perfectly We saw in his parlor a basket of apples so preserved last autumn which looked as bright and fresh as when gathered from the tree It promises to be of great and universal utility

—The Reporter says that the lady who was injured by the running away of a horse while riding with Mrs H F Eaton last fall is yet confined at the residence of Dea Turner at Skowhegan, from severe illness in consequence of her injuries

—The Augusta Journal says that the exhibition by the beneficiaries of the State, who have been and are being educated at the Hartford Deaf and Dumb Asylum given at the Representatives Hall Thursday morning, was a very interesting occasion

RICH AND POVERTY The Kennebec Journal makes the extraordinary statement that all but five of the one hundred and nine paupers in that city owe their dependent position directly to the use of intoxicating liquor

—The Dexter Gazette last week printed an exhibit of business at the Dexter Station for the past year, the substance of which was that 21 758 passengers have arrived and departed from that place, and that nearly seventeen and a half million pounds of freight have been received and sent away by the Dexter and Newport road. This week it gives the business at Corinna as follows

Am't of Merchandise received,	911,809 lbs
Am't sent,	3,080,394
Total am't,	3,992,203

The following Merchandise has been sent from Corinna during the year

1 247,000 Shingles,
40,393 Bush Potatoes,
74,000 Doz. Eggs,
99,928 lbs Live Stock
41,875 lbs. Wool Skins,
168,013 lbs. Dressed Meat—not including the amount sent by Express

—The Lewiston Journal says Judge Dickerson, now presiding at the U. S. Court at Auburn, is in poor health, and fears he may be compelled to adjourn the Court unless Judge Appleton, to whom he has telegraphed, may be able to relieve him. A great deal of important business has been transacted, at this term, that the term may be prolonged a couple of weeks more. In case the Judge is enabled to remain, or some competent to relieve him [illegible]

—Belfast Journal says Capt Patterson has returned from New Orleans after inspecting the steamer Alliance He reports her unsuited to the route, and declines to make any arrangement for her purchase—Capt Patterson will make examination of other propellors in the market and hopes to find one that will meet the requirements of the route. There are several good boats in New York that can be had at bargains

—The spiritualists of Belfast are to have services on the first Sabbath in every month

—Mr Caleb S Crane of Wiscasset committed suicide by hanging on Wednesday last he had a paralytic attack some months ago and has since shown symptoms of mental derangement

[Reported for the Whig and Courier.]

MAINE LEGISLATURE

AUGUSTA, Feb 4 1870

SENATE

H Secretary of State transmitted the annual Report of Fish Commissioners for the Orders

By Mr Rich—That the Committee on Inland Fisheries inquire into the expediency of amending the laws relating to inland fish and game

By Mr Rich—That the Committee on State Lands ascertain what amount of land is necessary to supply the demand in Washington County

By Mr. Buffum—That the report of Superintendent of Schools be referred to Committee on Education

Taxation was then taken up and the following Petition of Penobscot Industrial Division of Sons of Temperance for a division of rents for storage of Portland City Hall Petition of Harmony for an amendment to chap 47 of Laws of 1869 of Wm Allen for abolition of the laws forbidding the officers of Harmony for legislative regulating municipal war debts

Resolve in favor of Maine West's in Standard Time by Messrs Wheeler of Bangor and Bryant of Dover passed

The following were taken with the following result Yeas Messrs Hatch Buffum Carvill French Gove Hewson Holland Lane Long Lindsey Merrill Nye Pike Pillsbury—11 Nays Messrs Beck Carleton Clark Collins Cole Kimball Lewis Libby Rich Rollins Stanley Stevens Tilton Wilson—14 So the resolve was passed

Resolve in favor of Mass Mutual Life Insurance Company was then taken up by Mr Pike of Portland and after a long discussion by Messrs Pike Libby Cole Collins Carleton Clark Collins Cole Kimball Rich Rollins Stanley Stevens Tilton Wilson and others the resolve was finally

THE STORY THAT PLEASED HER.

We find these verses in the Buffalo Courier They are not musical and not smooth, and they are very very wicked, but we fear they are true

"Now pause, tell me a story,
Of the kind I love so well,"
Came the voice of my little daughter,
My darling, bright-eyed Nell.

Come to me, then, my Pretty,
And tell me what shall it be?"
And with a laugh like a merry twinkle,
She bounded up on my knee.

And I told her of "Old Mother Morey,"
"Dame Trot," and "Little Boy Blue"
"Red Riding-Hood and her Grandmother,"
And "Jacky Horner," too

I sang her a "Song of Sixpence,"
And sang her a "Bag of Rye,"
But failed to interest her,
And she began to cry

Oh, why do you weep my Nellie?
My daughter so good and mild?"
And she sobbed, "Such stories as those may do
For others, but not for this child!"

So then I told her the story
Of the little boy who in little bits
Chopped up his mother, and frightened
His young sister into fits

And how the broad Atlantic,
When the angry tempest roared,
He slaughtered the crew and captain,
And pitched them overboard

And how he became a pirate
Upon the Spanish main-
And she clasped her little innocent hands,
And asked me tell it again!

MARY, QUEEN OF SCOTS.

The Scene at Her Execution

In Hours at Home for February, we find the following vivid picture of the execution of Mary, Queen of Scotts, copied from advance sheets of Froude's recently completed History of England during the Reformation:

At eight in the morning the Provost-marshal knocked at the outer door which communicated with her suite of apartments It was locked and no one answered, and he went back in some trepidation lest the fears might prove true which had been entertained the preceding evening On his returning with the Sheriff, however, a few minutes later, the door was open, and they were confronted with the tall majestic figure of Mary Stuart standing before them in splendor The plain gray dress had been exchanged for a robe of black satin, her jacket was of black satin also looped and slashed and trimmed with velvet. Her false hair was arranged studiously with a coif, and over her head and falling down over her back was a white veil of delicate lawn. A crucifix of gold hung from her neck. In her hand she held a crucifix of ivory, and a number of jewelled paternosters were attached to her girdle.

Leaning on the arm of an officer of the guard, she descended the great staircase to the hall. The news had spread far through the country. Thousands of people were collected outside the walls. About three hundred knights and gentlemen of the country had been admitted to witness the execution The tables and forms had been removed, and a great wood fire was blazing in the chimney At the upper end of the hall, above the fireplace, but near it, stood the scaffold, twelve feet square and two feet and a half high It was covered with black cloth; a low rail ran round it covered with black cloth also, and the Sheriff's guard of halberdiers were ranged on the floor below on the four sides to keep off the crowd On the scaffold was the block, black like the rest, a square black cushion was placed behind it, and behind the cushion a black chair, on the right were two other chairs for the Earls The axe leant against the rail, and two masked figures stood like mutes on either side at the back. The Queen of Scots as she swept in seemed as if coming to take a part in some solemn pageant. Not a muscle of her face could be seen to quiver, she ascended the scaffold with absolute composure, looked round her smiling, and sat down. Shrewsbury and Kent followed and took their places, the Sheriff stood at her left hand, and Beale then mounted a platform and read the warrant aloud

In all the assembly Mary Stuart appeared the person least interested in the words which were consigning her to death

"Madam," said Lord Shrewsbury to her, when the reading was ended, "you hear what we are commanded to do."

You will do your duty," she answered and rose as if to kneel and pray

The Dean of Peterborough, Dr. Fletcher, approached the rail. "Madam," he began, with a low obeisance, "the Queen's most excellent majesty," "Madam, the Queen's most excellent Majesty,"—thrice he commenced his sentence, wanting words to pursue it. When he repeated the words a fourth time, she cut him short.

"Mr Dean," she said, "I am a Catholic and must die a Catholic. It is useless to attempt to move me, and your prayers will avail me but little"

"Change your opinion, madam," he cried, his tongue being loosed at last, "repent of your sins, settle your faith in Christ, by him to be saved"

"Trouble not yourself further, Mr Dean," she answered "I am settled in my own faith, for which I mean to shed my blood."

"I am sorry, Madam," said Shrewsbury, "to see you so addicted to Popery"

"That image of Christ you hold there," said Kent, "will not profit you if he be not engraved in your heart."

She did not reply, and turning her back on Fletcher knelt for her own devotions.

He had been evidently instructed to impair the Catholic complexion of the scene, and the Queen of Scots was determined that he should not succeed When she knelt he commenced an extempore prayer in which the assembly joined As his voice sounded out in the hall she raised her own, reciting with powerful deep chested tones the penitential Psalms in Latin, introducing English sentences at intervals, that the audience might know what she was saying, and praying with especial distinctness for her holy father the Pope

From time to time, with conspicuous vehemence, she struck the crucifix against her bosom, and then, as the Dean gave up the struggle, leaving her Latin, she prayed in English wholly, still clear and loud. She prayed for the Church which she had been ready to betray, for her son, whom she had disinherited, for the Queen whom she had endeavored to murder She prayed God to avert his wrath from England, that England which she had sent a last message to Philip to beseech him to invade. She forgave her enemies, whom she had invited Philip not to forget, and then, praying to the saints to intercede for her with Christ, and kissing the crucifix and crossing her own breast, "Even as thy arms, oh Jesus," she cried, "were spread upon the cross, so receive me into thy mercy and forgive my sins."

With these words she rose, the black mutes stepped forward, and in the usual form begged her forgiveness

"I forgive you," she said, "for now I hope you will end all my troubles.' They offered their help in arranging her dress. "Truly, my lords," she said with a smile to the Earls, "I never had such grooms waiting on me before." Her ladies were allowed to come up upon the scaffold to assist her, for the work to be done was considerable, and had been prepared with no common thought.

She laid her crucifix on her chair. The chief executioner took it as a perquisite, but was ordered instantly to lay it down. The lawn veil was lifted carefully off, not to disturb the hair and was hung upon the rail. The black robe was next removed. Below it was a petticoat of crimson velvet. The black jacket followed, and under the jacket was a body of crimson satin. One of her ladies handed her a pair of crimson sleeves, with which she hastily covered her arms, and thus she stood on the black scaffold with the black figures all around her blood-red from head to foot.

Her reasons for adopting so extraordinary a costume must be left to conjecture. It is only certain that it must have been carefully studied, and that the pictorial effect must have been appalling

The women, whose firmness had hitherto borne the trial, began now to give way, spasmodic sobs bursting from them which they could not check. "No cries vous," she said, "I'ay pramis poor vous." Struggling bravely, they obeyed, sobbing again and again, she crossing herself and muttering Marie prey for lui Pour lui prais le Seigneur Marie." Memory brought her eyes to her handkerchief. "Adieu," she said, smiling, her cheek flushed and her blood to dance. "Adieu, au revoir" They stepped back from of the scaffold, and left her alone. On her knees she remained for a few minutes in prayer, crossing herself, and repeating the Psalms in Latin. Her maids then came up and assisted to remove her upper dress and to put on her sleeves, the executioner and his assistant standing motionless till they had finished, when they approached. "Adieu, my good fellow," she said, pointing to her throat with a smile, "you have a sure hand and a good axe, make use of them and you will part me from all my troubles at a stroke." They stepped back from her, she knelt down, laid her head upon the block, and while the executioner raised his axe she repeated the Psalm, "In thee, O Lord, do I put my trust." Twice the executioner raised his axe and lowered it again, the first time the Queen moved no more than a rock, but at the second her head moved slightly to the block, and she suffered

When the executioner took up the slit for the block, all the assembly felt that a murder was being committed. "In nomine Dei," the Dean began, but the Earl of Kent, standing on the scaffold, cried out, "Stay in the devil's name!" The executioner raised the head to show it to the people, but he had only the head in his hands, for the body had slipped from the dress and had rolled to the foot of the scaffold, showing that she had been a fleshly woman, and that the grey hairs had been kept from dishonor by the care of her friends. The lips continued to move for a quarter of an hour after the head had been severed from the body. The executioner had to hold it by the hair when he showed it to the people, and the face then wore a sarcastic smile which many thought they could interpret only as a sign of contempt for the spectators. The head when released from the hands of the executioner had rolled from his grasp and had lain some minutes on the floor. When he had shaken it from the hair the lips had ceased to move, but the eyes had retained their expression, and the lips had taken the smile which they had worn when they had been kissed by the headsman of the Tower. His arm wandered. The blow fell on the joint of the handkerchief, and scarcely broke the skin. She neither spoke nor coughed. He struck again, this time effectively The head hung by a thread of skin, which he divided without withdrawing the axe; and as blood poured forth, the phenomenon was witnessed, strange as was ever wrought by wand of fable enchanter. The coif fell off and the false plaits. The labored illusion vanished The lady who had knelt before the block was in the maturity of grace and loveliness The grandeur, when he raised the head as usual, to show it to the crowd, exposed the withered features of a grizzled, wrinkled old woman.

So perish all enemies of the Queen" said the Dean of Peterborough A loud Amen rose over the hall, "Such end," said the Earl of Kent, rising and standing over the body, "to the Queen's and the Gospel's enemies"

Orders had been given that everything which she had worn should be immediately destroyed, that no relics should be carried off to work imaginary miracles Sentinels stood at the doors, who allowed no one to pass out without permission and after the first pause the Earls still keeping their places the body was stripped It then appeared that a favorite lapdog had followed its mistress unperceived, and was concealed under her clothes when discovered it gave a short cry, and seated itself between the head and the neck, from which the blood was still flowing. It was carried away and carefully washed, and then beads Paternoster, handkerchief—each particle of dress which the blood had touched with the cloth on the block and on the scaffold, was burnt in the hall fire in the presence of the crowd The scaffold itself was next removed, a brief account of the execution was drawn up, with which Henry Talbot Lord Shrewsbury's son, was sent to London and then every one was dismissed Silence settled down on Fotheringay and the last scene of the life of Mary Stuart in which tragedy and melodrama were so strangely intermingled, was over

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Passed at the Second Session of the Forty first Congress

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 1]

A RESOLUTION in relation to a site for a building for the State Department

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of state, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Architect of the Capitol Extension, the Superintendent of the Treasury Department and the Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds be and they are hereby, appointed a commission to select a site for the erection of a building for the new State Department, subject to the approval of Congress, to cause plans to be made for the same with an estimate of the probable cost thereof and to examine as to the propriety of making some arrangements for the War Department and report That the commission should reach the conclusion that the present site of that department is the most suitable for the State Department it shall report to Congress on the first day of next session

Approved December 14 1869

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 5]

JOINT RESOLUTION relating to steam and other vessels owned in the United States

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the act of February fourteenth eighteen hundred and sixty seven, entitled An act to declare the sense of an act entitled An act to restrict the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims and so forth, and not apply to be construed to debar the settlement of claims for steamboats or other vessels taken without consent of the owner, or impressed into the military service of the United States during the late war in States or parts of States declared in insurrection *Provided* That the claimants were loyal at the time their claims originated, and remained loyal thereafter and were residents of loyal States, and such steamboats or other vessels were in the insurrectionary districts by proper authority, viz charter contract in pressment, or in conformity with rules or regulations established by the Secretary of the Treasury and approved by the President of the United States

Approved, December 3 1869

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 6]

JOINT RESOLUTION relating to the remains of George Peabody, deceased

Whereas, in the death of George Peabody a native of the United States, and late a resident of England our country and the world have sustained an irretrievable loss, and whereas the Queen of Great Britain, the authorities of London and the Emperor of France have made extraordinary provision for the transfer of his remains to his native land Therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the President of the United States be authorized to make such preparation for the reception of the body of our distinguished philanthropist as is merited by his glorious life and in manner commensurate with the justice and majesty, and dignity of a great people

And be it further resolved, That the expenses incurred by such ceremonialism the President may adopt in the premises shall be paid by warrant out of the treasury not otherwise appropriated

Approved December 23, 1869

[PUBLIC—No 1]

AN ACT to promote the reconstruction of the State of Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the governor of the State of Georgia be, and hereby is authorized and directed forthwith, by proclamation to summon all persons elected to the general assembly of said State, as appears by the proclamation of George Meade the general commanding the military district including the State of Georgia, dated June twenty fifth eighteen hundred and sixty eight, to appear on some day certain, to be named in said proclamation, at Atlanta in said State, and thereupon the said general assembly of said State shall proceed to perfect its organization in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, according to the provisions of this act

SEC. 2 *And be it further enacted* That when the members so selected to said senate and house of representatives shall be convened, as aforesaid each and every member and each and every person claiming to be elected as a member of said senate or house of representatives shall, in addition to taking the oath or oath required by the act to institute civil government also take and subscribe and file with the secretary of state of the State of Georgia the following oaths or affirmations namely I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I have never held the office or exercised the duties of a senator or representative in Congress nor been a member of the legislature of any State of the United States nor held any civil office created by law for the administration of any general law of a State or for the administration of justice in any State or under the laws of the United States nor held any office in the military or naval service of the United States and thereafter engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or gave aid or comfort to its enemies or rendered except in consequence of direct physical force any support or aid, to any insurrection or rebellion against the United States nor held any office under, or given any support to any government of any kind organized or acting in hostility to the United States, or levying war against the United States So help me God (or on the pains and penalties of perjury, as the case may be) I do the following oath or affirmation, namely I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I have been relieved, by an act of the Congress of the United States, from disability as provided by section three of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States So help me God (or on the pains and penalties of perjury as the case may be)" Which oath or affirmation when so filed shall be entered of record by the secretary of state of the State of Georgia, and said oath or affirmation or a copy of the record thereof duly certified by said secretary of state, shall be evidence in all courts and places And every person claiming to be so elected who shall refuse or decline or neglect or be unable to take one of said oaths or affirmations above provided shall not be admitted to a seat in said senate or house of representatives or to a participation in the proceedings thereof but shall be deemed ineligible to such seats

SEC 3 *And be it further enacted* That if any person claiming to be elected to said senate or house of representatives as aforesaid shall falsely take either of said oaths or affirmations above provided he shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall suffer the pains and penalties thereof and may be tried, convicted and punished therefor by the circuit court of the United States for the district of Georgia in which district said crime was committed and the jurisdiction of said court shall be sole and exclusive for the purpose aforesaid

SEC 4. *And be it further enacted* That the persons elected as aforesaid and entitled to compose such legislature, and who shall comply with the provisions of this act, by taking one of the oaths or affirmations above prescribed, shall thereupon proceed in said senate and house of representatives to which they have been elected respectively, to reorganize said senate and house of representatives, respectively by the election and qualification of the proper officers of each house

SEC 5 *And be it further enacted*, That if any person shall by force violence, or fraud wilfully hinder or interrupt any person or persons elected as aforesaid from taking either of the oaths or affirmations prescribed by this act, or from participating in the proceedings of said senate or house of representatives, after having taken one of said oaths or affirmations, and otherwise complied with this act he shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and may be tried, convicted, and punished therefor by the circuit or district court of the United States for the district of Georgia, in which district said offence shall be committed, and shall be punished therefor by imprisonment at hard labor for not less than two nor more than ten years, in the discretion of the court, and the jurisdiction of said courts shall be sole and exclusive for the purpose aforesaid.

SEC 6 *And be it further enacted*, That it is hereby declared that the exclusion of any persons or persons elected as aforesaid, as aforesaid, and from participation in the proceedings of said senate or house of representatives, upon the ground of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, would be illegal, and revolutionary, and is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That upon the application of the governor of Georgia, the President of the United States may place such military force of said State of the United States as may be necessary to support and execute the provisions of this act.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the legislature shall ratify the thirteenth amendment proposed to the Constitution of the United States before members and representatives from Georgia are admitted to seats in Congress.

J. G. BLAINE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

U. S. GRANT.

Approved, December 22, 1869.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 8]

A RESOLUTION [illegible] Revision of laws for taking the census

JOB PRINTING!

THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, OFFICE, Kenduskeag Bridge.

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN AND FANCY

Job Printing EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

We have all the Facilities FOR DOING

Job Work, TO BE FOUND THIS SIDE OF BOSTON,

And shall endeavor at all times to see that Work is promptly and faithfully done and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers,

And save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs to procure a job of Printing

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP WITH THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS! AND *Give our Customers as Good Work as can be Secured.*

We have now in our Office, among other Material, a

Babcock Steam Power Press
Babcock Steam Power Half Medium Jobber
Babcock Quarter Medium Jobber
Babcock Eighth Medium Card Press
Gordon Franklin Card and Bill Head Press
Ruggles Rotary Card and Bill Head Press
Large and Small Hand Presses,
Ruggles Paper Cutter,
Ruggles Rotary Card Cutter &c. &c.,

and are constantly receiving

Additions of Type FROM Philadelphia, New York and Boston Foundries

We are Prepared to Execute in the Best Style,

MAMMOTH POSTERS, HAND BILLS, SHOP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, WAY BILLS, BILL HEADS BILLS OF FARE, LABELS OF ALL KINDS, BANK CHECKS BANK BOOKS, BLANK NOTES BILLS OF LADING INSURANCE BLANKS TOWN BLANKS, SURVEYORS' BILLS, WOOD BILLS, MILK BILLS, SCHOOL BILLS, INVOICES, &c.

WEDDING, VISITING, AND BUSINESS CARDS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALITIES, As cheap as any other Establishment in this vicinity

Persons wishing for Work in our line are invited to call, as we can suit them, both as to Style and Price.

PRINTING DONE WITH Black, Blue, or Red Ink, OR WITH TWO OR MORE COLORS, And particular attention paid to BRONZE WORK.

BARGAINS

Bargains.

Great Closing Out Sale.

We shall sell our stock of

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, ALL KINDS OF

FOT THE NEXT Thirty Days, —AT— Greatly Reduced Prices

We have on hand one of the most extensive and complete stocks of

Ladies' and Gents'

BOOTS, To be found in the City

Consisting of French and American CALF KIP GRAINED WAX RUBBER and NORWEGIAN

SERGE FOXED, OIL GOAT GLOVE CALF LACE, BUTTON and CONGRESS

BOOTS, KID, GOAT, PLUSH CORD and CARPET

SLIPPERS, Warm Shoes, German and French Slippers, and Snow Boots, &c, &c,

Hats and Caps, Of the latest and most becoming styles.

Gents' Calf Boots Made to order, of the best stock, and in any style the customer may wish.

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

All orders promptly attended.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT!

CURES A Great Variety of Diseases, SUCH AS

Consumption in its first stages and all Difficulties of the Throat and Lungs also Spinal Diseases and Kidney Troubles, Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds, Influenza Bronchitis Asthma Whooping Cough, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach Lowed, or Side Rheumatism Chronic Diarrhoea and Dysentery

Read the following certificate from [illegible] Hodgins of Jefferson Me

SOUTH JEFFERSON ME

In May 1866 our agent met with Deacon John Hodgkins of South Jefferson Me who related the following astonishing cure effected by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment He said—Some time ago my son was taken sick with a serious lung difficulty which threatened to end in quick consumption We immediately summoned our family physician who attended him faithfully for about four weeks during which time he gradually grew weaker Being very much alarmed about himself and being satisfied that he was growing worse all the time he finally refused to take any more medicine from the physician, as I expressed a wish to try Johnson's Anodyne Liniment I immediately told the physician expecting that he would object to his using it but he filled the bottle and let him try it [illegible] and may do him some good

He did try it and to our surprise some time during the night he coughed up a quantity of matter and gained strength so that at dark he had satisfied us of his being fast on the road to recovery

My son is alive and well to day possessing a strong and vigorous constitution which I do attribute under God, to the use of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment I can further say that I never saw anything so quick to get out of the system and that in my judgment it is the best family medicine in the world

JOHN HODGKINS

Deacon Hodgkins is one of the most respectable citizens in the community in which he lives and made and signed this statement in presence of witnesses We invite any who are interested to correspond with him in regard to the above

FROM MAJ JEREMIAH FENNO

BANGOR March 1 1867

MESSRS I S JOHNSON & CO BANGOR ME

Gentlemen—While on duty as paymaster in the army in the Southern and Southwestern States for about four years I had frequent opportunities of observing the extraordinary and beneficial effects of the American Anodyne Liniment put up by you

Among those who used it—and to my surprise I found that its use was very general with our soldiers there seemed to be but one opinion as to its wonderful efficacy and marked superiority over all other medicines of its kind

As the name which the Negroes have given it indicates its power against the bite of the deadly Moccasin and the great Maine remedy as they called it was a sure defence against almost any bite if it was applied *Aches Sprains Cramp Bruises Cuts Colds Coughs Rheumatism Inactivated Bites of Insects* or almost any other complaint that could befall them during the terrible exposure to which they were subjected in their Southern campaign Among the cavalry the Liniment was found especially valuable for Horses Sprains and other injuries to the feet

JEREMIAH FENNO
Captain 2d Maine Regt

KIDNEY COMPLAINT

This most distressing disease has become alarmingly prevalent within a few years and is proving as fatal to the health and happiness of hundreds as any other disease of human life It is not confined to old or middle aged, but is quite as frequent among children and young people as any other class One of the most effectual remedies known for this dreadful complaint is Johnson's Anodyne Liniment It has never failed us yet, as we have abundant proof to show We refer with pleasure to the following letter from H D Hutchins Esq a gentleman and a merchant well and thoroughly known in Fryeburg Oxford County Me where he resides

FRYEBURG Mar 1 1867

MESSRS I S JOHNSON & CO

Dear Sirs—In the fall of 1856, I was attacked with a violent pain through my back and kidneys which laid me up for more than a year I consulted the best physicians in the county and Portland Some pronounced it kidney some spinal disease After being under their treatment six or eight months and receiving no particular benefit I was advised by a friend to try your liniment On taking part of a bottle it brought away, in my water, something similar to the *flings of steel*, which relieved me in part and by continuing to take it for three months or more I was completely cured I most heartily recommend it as the best family medicine I ever used With pleasure I send you this for going statement You can make such use of it as you deem proper

Respectfully yours
H D HUTCHINS

The foregoing statement may be relied upon not only as coming from a gentleman who thoroughly understands his own case, but one who has sold and watched the operation of our liniment for more than *twenty-five years*

EARACHE

Put in two or three drops of Anodyne Liniment, stop the ear with undressed wool, bathe the feet in warm water on going to bed and keep the head warm at night

Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dizziness, spells of Blindness &c, may be cured by a box of Parson's Purgative Pills which only costs twenty five cents.

SPINAL DISEASES CAN BE CURED.

Don't fail to read the following statement of facts,—

Remarkable cure of a most obstinate case of spinal difficulty effected by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Mr. Pierrepont, [illegible] of the firm of Pierrepont & Harrington, Boston, North Bridgewater, Mass, was for years a great sufferer from spinal difficulty, which at times confined him to his room, and for days together he was obliged to lie on his back, unable to move hand or foot. He was cured by the use of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, which helped him to procure sleep, and gain strength, until he was able to be about his business. He says he has found it a most valuable remedy in his family, for various accidents and injuries to the limbs and joints.

CASTING BREAD UPON THE WATERS, AND WHAT CAME OF IT.

Some time since a stranger came into our office to sell something We do not remember what but noticing that he had a bad cough we gave him a bottle of our Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for which he thanked us and departed As he was a stranger in our city, and a man we never saw before, we had no expectation of ever hearing from him again, but to our surprise, about a fortnight later we received the following well written letter for which we take this opportunity to thank the gentleman, hoping that it may some time meet his eye

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
PORTLAND, ME, Aug 17.

Dear Sir—I begin to feel within my sincere thanks for the bottle of 'Anodyne Liniment' which you gave me and which has cured me of that troublesome and dangerous cough which excited your sympathy I trust the remedy will become still more widely known than it is and be a world of good

With sincere respect, I have the honor to be yours truly, DWIGHT KENDALL

FROM A MASSACHUSETTS PAPER.

We at the following statement some years ago—FACTS WORTH KNOWING!—Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is superior to any other Liniment or Pain Killer in the world It is equally efficacious, whether taken internally or applied externally

It will cure Cough in 2 Hours use
It will cure Whooping Cough
It will cure Influenza
It will cure Bronchitis
It is the best article that can be taken for Bleeding at the Lungs or Spitting of Blood
It will in most cases cure Croup
It will cure Cholera Diarrhoea
It will cure Dysentery of long standing
It is a sure cure for Bloody Dysentery
It will cure Lame Stomach
It will cure Pain in the Stomach or Bowels
It is a sure cure for Kidney Complaints of recent date and will relieve those of long standing, it will also cure *Diseases of the Spine* And, from its great Cleansing and Healing properties, it is the best medicine that can be applied to a Fever Sore

It is the best Liniment known for flesh wounds, sprains, bruises, swollen or stiff joints

It stands upon its own merits, and is warranted to be the best family medicine ever discovered

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

[illegible] testimonial of William Clark, Esq, [illegible] great credit having come to us fully attested and sworn to without any solicitation or [illegible] that such a thing was [illegible]

MR I S JOHNSON Dear Sir,—I was attacked with the bloody flux in the year 1848, and tried all of the many medicines that was recommended to me but [illegible] had no effect whatever [illegible] different doctors, both in this State and in Massachusetts They could not help me I was reduced to most a skeleton, and through the advice of Physicians, I was told of your Anodyne Liniment I commenced taking it in the Spring of 1862 and found it helped me, so I continued the use of it until I had taken nine bottles I am now perfectly cured and over fifty pounds heavier than I ever was I give you these lines that my testimony may be of some benefit, for the benefit of the suffering community I think it one of the best medicines the world affords If any one will think this is nothing please inquire of my neighbors here there are plenty that will testify to the truth of this case I purchased the Liniment of Mr A Merrill of this place The undersigned would further testify, that he thinks the Liniment was the wind means, through the blessing of God, of saving my life I weighed in the spring of 1852, a hundred and thirty two pounds I now weigh a hundred and [illegible] pounds

WM CLARK

EZRA TILTON TREAT, M A MERRILL

WARDWELL, FRANKFORT MILLS, April 26, 1853

Personally appeared Wm Clark, and gave oath to the above of same

TILTON TREAT,
Justice of the Peace

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL

MESSRS I S JOHNSON & CO, BOSTON

BOSTON May, 1848

MR I S JOHNSON Sir,—Enclosed we send you a certificate sent us voluntarily by Dr Merryfield, [illegible] you may use it as you think

Yours HOWE BROTHERS

Having taken your Anodyne Liniment for Bronchitis with a distressing cough and tightness about the lungs and chest I found the first dose to act like a charm upon the cough, giving perfect relief, and removing all difficulties before taking half a bottle I feel it my duty to express my gratitude to you, and as I suffering humanity try the Liniment and you will be [illegible]

C MERRYFIELD
6 *Hanover Street, Boston*

A STIFF LEG, BENT AT THE KNEE. LIMBER RED AND STRAIGHTENED

The following certificate was sent us, without solicitation and with a personal knowledge of the fact

DR A JOHNSON Dear Sir,—In consequence of having a fever sore on my leg it became entirely stiff and bent at the knee at a right angle, so that from the knee down I was obliged to wear a wooden leg for several years The lower limb was so much in the way that I decided to have it amputated, and at the solicitation of physicians for the purpose was [illegible] Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" being [illegible] to me as a powerful agent in relaxing contracted sinews and cords, I concluded to give that a trial and it was great joy I found by using three bottles my leg was limbered and straightened, so that I was [illegible] able to use it about as well as the other I consider myself indebted to the use of your Liniment through the blessing of Providence, for the use of my leg, and would say to others who may be afflicted in the same way Try it and no doubt you will be [illegible]

RUFUS CHAPMAN

TWENTY FIVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE

NEW GLASGOW, N S, Aug 1, 1862

This is to certify that I have been acquainted with Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for twenty five years during which time I have both sold and used it in my family I have no hesitation in saying I consider it an excellent family medicine I think it unequalled in Whooping Cough In recommending it, I am not only following the dictates of justice but, I feel confident, in so doing I am also benefiting my fellow creatures

In using it for Coughs I generally combine it with something to act on the liver and bowels (Parson's Purgative Pills

WILLIAM LIPPINCOTT

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

CAN BE CURED BY JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Read the following certificate from one of our own most respected fellow citizens —

BANGOR, Feb 29, 1862

MR JOHNSON Dear Sir,—For more than two years I have been afflicted with that distressing complaint Chronic Diarrhoea, have been treated for it by some of the best physicians in this city and other places but without any good result, had lost my appetite lost my strength not able to perform any kind of labor and found I must soon be a burden to myself and to my family About three months since, I was urged by a friend to try Johnson's Anodyne Liniment and did so without much hope or expectation of being benefitted, but I must say, as soon as I began to take it I began to feel better, and I am now well and strong, can eat my allowance of meat, any kind of food without causing me any distress. We have used it in our family for colds and Internal Pains and I do think it the best family medicine I ever saw I live on Fourth Street in the city of Bangor, and would be glad to tell any body how much benefit I have received.

JAMES PENDERGAST

REMEDY FOR COLIC IN HORSES.

Give half, to a whole bottle of 'Johnson's Anodyne Liniment,' in a pint of cold water made sweet with molasses, if not relieved in fifteen or twenty minutes, repeat the dose. Give nothing else. Never had effect after, and a sure cure. Ask

JOSEPH DURGIN

I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS.
BANGOR, MAINE.

Dr. PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS.

For the Cure of a great variety of Diseases, arising from the Impurities of the Blood, and Obstructions in the Organs of Digestion.

The only cathartic that will relieve the bowels cleanse the blood, and renovate the system effectually without causing those horrid griping pains, and leaving the bowels in that torpid, costive state, which is true of most cathartic medicines now offered for sale These Pills are not (like most others) composed of antimony, quinine, mercury, and calomel, but of cathartics used and approved by all good medical practitioners

These Pills may be used in all forms of disease, with the most decided benefit, and without fear of injury They do not cramp or rack the delicate frame or weak constitution, but will be found particularly useful, by stimulating the weakened and distempered parts into healthy action

The most delicate female and children of the tendorest age, can take these Pills with perfect safety and the most salutary results will follow Married ladies, under all circumstances, will find these a safe, and in small doses, a mild cathartic

They do not make the weak weaker, but give strength and tone to the digestive organs

ALL WHO NEED PHYSIC, TAKE P. P PILLS.

If your system is in an unhealthy state two or three Parsons Pills will bring it round all right

Parsons Pills are the best known remedy for Constipation of the Bowels, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Nervous Headache, Sick Headache, Irregularity, Costiveness, Billiousness Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Female Obstructions, Whites Influenza, Loss of Appetite, and Loss of Strength

FROM THE MAINE FARMER"

Parsons Purgative Pills are a safe, wholesome, vegetable, and natural medicine, and may be relied upon as being the best Anti bilious medicine in existence

Let the reader reflect that *Parson's Purgative Pills* are now manufactured and sold by the proprietors of Johnson's Liniment, an article that has reached a larger scale and more extended popularity than any other medicine known and any attempt on their part to build up a reputation for a worthless article would blast their reputation as compounders of medicine and ruin their prospects both in regard to the Liniment, and everything else for which they seek the favor of the public

Acting with this view, we have been scrupulously particular not to say any thing in favor of our medicines which the facts in the case do not warrant

PARSONS' PURGATIVE OR ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Notwithstanding the great variety of Pills now in the country, a necessity has long been felt, and free by acknowledged, both by physicians and families for a safe and reliable Anti bilious Pill,—something that should be free from mercury and every mineral or deleterious substance, and be really safe to administer to infants or the most delicate patient To meet this demand, *Parson's Purgative Pills* were compounded, every property of which has been carefully analyzed by experiment and scientific investigation Thus they are believed by physicians and people, wherever they are known, to be the safest, surest, and most desirable family pill in the country. Notwithstanding they are so mild in their operation causing no griping pains, they are composed of powerful vegetable substances, and will be found to be sufficiently searching and active to cleanse out the obstructions in the most robust constitution *Parson's Purgative Pills* also have the best effect on the Liver of any medicine yet discovered, at the same time they help the Kidneys, relieve the Lungs and cleanse the blood of all impurities, also equalizing its circulation, thus preventing cold surface and limbs or undue heat and congestion either inside or out It is as pleasant as 2 and 2 are 4 that what is required in a family Pill is one that will reach with effect to produce proper evacuation, and open all the natural drains *Parson's Purgative Pills* will do this with promptness and fidelity, and no physician's prescription could do more Many people suppose that the Bible declares money to be the root of all evil, but it is not so—it is the love of it which is spoken of But don't love your money so much as to keep you from buying a box of *Parson's Purgative Pills* when, by so doing, you may save much pain and lingering illness and perhaps save your life Our advice is to keep them constantly on hand, as you may by their use break up fevers or crop in the bud those symptoms which might otherwise result in long and severe sickness

CHAPPED HANDS—Rub them well at bed time with Anodyne Liniment, and wear leather or kid gloves during the night, for chapped lips, apply it with the finger

DR. PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS.

FOR THE CURE OF A GREAT VARIETY OF DISEASES ARISING FROM THE IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, AND OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE ORGANS OF DIGESTION

The only cathartic that will relieve the bowels, cleanse the blood, and renovate the system effectually, without causing those horrid griping pains and leaving the bowels in that torpid, costive state, which is true of most cathartic medicines now offered for sale These Pills are not (like most others) composed of antimony, quinine, mercury, and calomel, but of cathartics used and approved by all good medical practitioners

These Pills may be used in all forms of disease with the most decided benefit, and without fear of injury They do not cramp or rack the delicate frame or weak constitution, but will be found particularly useful, by stimulating the weakened and distempered parts into healthy action.

The most delicate female, and children of the tendorest age, can take these Pills with perfect safety, and the most salutary results will follow Married ladies, under all circumstances will find these a safe and, in small doses a mild cathartic.

They do not make the weak weaker, but give strength and tone to the digestive organs So great is the efficacy of these Pills that it may be supposed they contain some powerful and injurious agent, but we can assure you that they are free from every thing of the kind, and can be administered with perfect safety. As a general medicine, we can recommend these Pills as the best and most effectual medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of Dyspepsia, symptoms of which are Nervous Debility, Headache, Oppression after eating, Piles, Heartburn, Furred Tongue Distention of the Stomach and Bowels, Dizziness, Sickness at the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Side, Back, and Limbs By taking Parson's Purgative Pills, the body is invigorated with new life, health, and regularity, the liver and bowels will be assisted and strengthened to discharge their functions, and the bowels regulated.

ALL WHO NEED PHYSIC, TAKE P. P. PILLS

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I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
BANGOR, MAINE.

SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY CONDITION POWDERS

FOR Horses, Cattle and Sheep.

These Powders should be given in all cases of Loss of Appetite, Roughness of the Hair, Stoppage of Bowels, Fever, Colds or Water, or thick Water, all Coughs and Colds Swelling of the Glands of the Throat Worms Hide Bound Thick Wind, and Heaves are equally good for Diseases of Horses and Sheep

VALUABLE TESTIMONY

IN FAVOR OF SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY CONDITION POWDERS

We regard the following as the most valuable testimony which we have to produce to show the merit of our Powders over all others, and the importance of giving them freely to horses that poor cattle [illegible]

BIDDEFORD

Our travelling agent called upon Messrs S Pope & Co, lumber merchants, Machias, Me, and tried to sell them some of our Sheridan's Horse Powders, but they refused to buy them, stating that they did not believ